



THE TOLEDO MANUSCRIPT OF THE GERMANIA OF TACITUS, WITH NOTES ON A PLINY MANUSCRIPT

FRANK FROST ABBOTT

Ι

DESCRIPTION OF THE CODEX TOLETANUS

The manuscript of which the Germania forms a part, 49.2 of the Zelada collection, contains 223 folios, with 30, occasionally 29, lines to the page. The page is 23.1 cm. × 14.5 cm., and the written portion 17.2 cm. × 8.3 cm. It is divided as follows: Cor. Taciti De Vita Moribus Et Origine Germanorum Opus Elegantissimum, folio 1 r. to the middle of 15 v.; Opus Eiusdem De Vita Et Moribis L. Agricole, 16 r. to bottom of 36 v.; Io. Antonii Campani Oratoris Atque Poetae Celeberrimi Oratio De Laudibus Scientiarum, 37 r. to 63 v.; fragment of an oration, 64 r. to the middle of 66 r.; a number of Pliny's Letters 66 r. to 221 v.; fragment of an oration, 222 r. to 223 v.

On folio 15 v., at the end of the Germania, after relinquam there is written : $\infty \tau \epsilon \lambda \omega \sigma$ and just below, the subscription FVLGINIE SCRIPTVM GERENTE ME MAGISTRATVM PV·SCRIBE·KAL'·IVN·1474. The Agricola has at the end the word FINIS only. On folio 63 v. following the oration of Antonius stands the title of his oration, followed by these words: Scripta p me M. Anglm Crullum Tudertem fulginii pu. Scribam Non Decembr MccccLxxiiii Deo Laus & honos. The selections from Pliny's Letters have, on folio 221 v. and 222 r., the subscription Caii Plinii oratoris at Phylosaphi Dissertissimi epistolarum liber octavus et ultimus explicit foeliciter deo gras Finis Perusie in domo Crispolito 1468 AMHN Τελωσ Μ. Angelus Tuders. Incidentally it may be noticed that the scribe's name is Crullus, not Trullus as Leuze surmised from Wünsch's report in the Classical Review, 1899, p. 274, and that his patronymic in the subscription, both on folio 63 and 221, is given

¹ In the spring of 1899 I planned to visit Toledo for the purpose of collating the Tacitus MS. in the possession of the cathedral library of that city. Reference was made to this plan in the Classical Review of the preceding year (Vol. XII, p. 465). The necessity of finishing another piece of work upon which I was engaged forced me, however, to give up the project for a time, and I was unable to carry it out until last spring. In the interval Dr. Leuze, of Tübingen, made an admirable collation of the Agricola portion of the MS., and published the results of his examination of it in the eighth Supplementband of Philologus. In this paper, therefore, I shall confine myself to the Germania, which is contained in the same codex, and which Dr. Leuze did not have time to collate. In his article (p. 517) Dr. Leuze expressed the fear that his collation might not be accurate at all points, because he was obliged to make it in a very short time, but my comparison of it with

the codex itself convinced me that it was thoroughly trust-worthy. I take this opportunity to express my sincere thanks to Monsignor Merry del Val, the archbishop of Nicæa, whose enlightened interest in classical study is well known. Through his friendly intercession in my behalf I received permission to make a complete copy of the Germania text, although such permission had never been granted before, I believe, in the Toledo library. I am indebted also to Dr. Leuze and to Dr. Wünsch, who first made the existence of the Toledo MS. known to students by his note in Hermes, Vol. XXXII, p. 59, for the helpful suggestions which they gave to me by letter before I went to Toledo.

² A description of this part of the MS., with a collation of a few of the letters contained in it, is published in this paper on pp. 43, 44.

as Tuders, not Tudertinus as Wünsch reports. A more important correction of Wünsch's reading consists in the fact that at the end of Antonius's oration the date is clearly 1474 and not 1471. From the dates previously reported Leuze inferred that the Agricola was written between December 5, 1471, and June 1, 1474. supposition involved a serious difficulty, because, as will be noticed, the oration of Antonius, which follows the Germania, seemed to bear the earlier date, 1471. however, the actual reading in both cases is 1474 the difficulty disappears, and furthermore we can say with considerable confidence that the Agricola, which stands between the Germania and the oration of Antonius, was written between June 1 and December 5, 1474. The date, 1468, given at the end of Pliny's Letters, is a little surprising, but it is written in brown ink, while the rest of the subscription is in bright red ink, and may be an incorrect date inserted later. This supposition is in a slight degree confirmed by the fact that the subscription is arranged in lines of approximately equal length, except that in the line where 1468 is written this number stands to the right of the perpendicular, to the left of which the other lines of the subscription fall, but I am not inclined to lay much stress on this last consideration. Since Angelus makes no mention of his title of public scribe in this connection, and since Pliny's Letters were copied at Perusia, it may perhaps be assumed with safety that the Pliny MS. was not copied in 1474. That Angelus copied the Agricola as well as the Germania is not only clear from the close resemblance which the handwriting in the one document bears to that of the other, but is proved beyond a doubt by examining his method of forming certain combinations of letters. To take one illustration only: fama so closely resembles forma in Agr. 10, 12 that Dr. Leuze was in doubt (p. 545) which of the two words was intended. The same word, fama, is written in the same peculiar way in Germ. 34, 9 and 35, 16 (Müllenhoff's ed.). The signs for abbreviations, the method of making corrections, and the orthography in the two texts are also similar, although perhaps one ought not to lay much stress on the resemblance last mentioned.

The MS. of the *Germania*, like that of the *Agricola*, has a great many variants. These are without exception written on the margin in the hand and ink used in the body of the text. Someone has also added on the margin here and there in bright red ink the nominative form of certain proper names occurring in the text. Thus on folio 1 r. opposite 2, 8 (ed. Müll.) stands *Germania*, opposite 2, 12 (*ibid.*) Tuisco deus, opposite 2, 13 (*ibid.*) Mannus. These additions are of no importance in discussing the MS., and may, therefore, be left entirely out of consideration.

Corrections of a single letter or syllable are made above the line. In two cases only, where it is necessary to insert one or more words (13, 4 and 13, 18), the words to be added are written on the margin. The corrections are made in ink of three different colors—a dark brownish green (that of the text itself), a reddish brown, and a bright red. It may be stated with confidence that those in green ink are made by the

³ The errors in Dr. Wünsch's description of the MS. result of course solely from the fact that, as he wrote to Dr. Leuze, he was allowed to note Aeusserlichkeiten only.

scribe himself from the copy which he is following. One cannot speak with the same certainty of the other two classes of corrections, but I am strongly inclined to think that those in reddish-brown ink are in the hand of the original copyist. The third corrector, he of the bright red ink, is evidently the scribe who wrote the proper names on the margin to which reference has been made above. The ink is the same as that used in the titles and the paragraph marks. This fact makes it reasonably sure that this third class of corrections may be attributed either to the original copyist or to one of his fellows. His corrections are so slight as to afford us little basis for a comparison of his hand with that of the text. The style which he has used in his notes on the side of the page differs from the writing of the original copyist, but probably the difference is no greater than would naturally exist between the formal and the free hand of the same scribe. We may assume, therefore, with great probability that all three classes of corrections are to be traced to the original copyist. It does not follow, however, that they come from the same source. Those in green ink were undoubtedly made by the copyist as he proceeded with his work. As has been remarked already, they were corrections of errors which he made in following his copy. Those in reddishbrown and in bright red ink must have been added somewhat later. That a considerable interval of time elapsed between the copying of the text and the insertion of these two classes of corrections seems rather probable from the fact that these two inks are used in correcting the Agricola also. The reddish-brown ink is used, for instance, in Aqr. 43, 7 (ed. Halm), and the bright red ink in 3, 6; 29, 9; 31, 2; 31, 19; 33, 6, and 46, 1 (see Leuze, pp. 543-54). It is clear that these changes were made some time after the entire MS, had been finished, and for this second and third correction of the text a MS. other than the archetype of T, or even two such MSS., may have been used. The bearing of these corrections upon the text of the MS. from which T was copied can be ascertained only by discovering their source, and this can be done better when we come to discuss the readings in T.5

H

T AND THE BC CLASSES OF MANUSCRIPTS 6 COLLATION OF TBbCc WITH MÜLLENHOFF'S EDITION 7

Cor. Taciti De Vita Moribus Et Origine Germanorum Opus Elegantissimum Feliciter Incipit T

4At 43, 7 ausim was omitted by the original copyist, and added on the margin in brownish-red ink by the corrector.

5 This point has a like importance for the Agricola.

⁶ Müllenhoff's nomenclature for the MSS, is followed, and in this table the readings of B b C and c, which make up the BC classes, are given, because the fundamental point in connection with any new Germania MS, must be to determine its relation to these four MSS.

7 The readings of b and c have been taken from the critical apparatus in Müllenhoff's edition. The readings

of B (Vat. 1862) and C (Vat. 1518) are from my own collation of those MSS., and a list of corrections to be made in Müllenhoff's critical apparatus may be found on pp. 42, 43. The hand of the first corrector is indicated by T¹, that of the second by T³, that of the third by T². At the points marked in this table with a star Müllenhoff, in the Deutsche Altertumskunde, Vol. IV (Berlin, 1900), expresses a preference for the readings which T (with certain other MSS.) gives. It has seemed best, however, for convenience in reference, to print in the first column the readings of Müllenhoff's text, even where that editor on maturer consideration has expressed a preference for another reading.

Cornelii Taciti De Origine Et Situ Germanorum Liber Incipit B Cornelii · Taciti · De Origine · Situ · Moribus · Ac Populis · Germanorum Liber · Incipit: ∞ b

C · Cornelii Taciti de origine et situ germanorum C

C · Cornelii Taciti De Origine Et Situ Germanie Liber Incipit c

	E	litio Muellenhoffii	${f TBbCc}$
1,	1	Germania	ermania omissa G quae minio pingi debebat T
	1	Raetisque	Rhaetiisq T, Retiisque B, rhetiisque b, retiisque Cc
	2	Danuvio	Danubio T, danubio Bbc
	3	cetera	cetera T, coetera et similiter saepius vel cetera b, cetera
			vel caetera Cc ubique
	3	Oceanus	occeanus TC ubique
	6	Raeticarum	rhetica T, rheticarum b, reticarum C, raeticarum c, Reticarum B
	8	septentrionali	septemtrionali T
	9	Danuvius	Dannubius T, danubius Bb, Danuuius C, danuuius in danubius corr. c ²
1	0.	Abnobae	Arnobe (at Arbone at none in margine) T, Arnobe (Arbonae in marg.) B, arbone b, arbone C, arnobae in arbonae corr. c
1	1	septimum	septimus i^{N} (septimus i^{N} septimum $correxit$ $ct \cdot \text{N} \cdot supra \ addidit \ \mathbf{T}^{\text{a}}$) \mathbf{T}
2, 1	2	Tuistonem	Tuisconē T, Tuistonē C, Tristonē et in marg. Tuisman B, tristonē b, tui supra tri β, Bistonem c
1	4	conditoresque	conditorisq T, conditorisque B b c, conditoris C
1	5	Ingaevones	Ingeuones T B b C, ingeuones β, ingaeuones c
1	6	Herminones	hermi nones (n supra addidit Ta) T, Hermiones BbC, hermi nones β, herminones c
	6	ceteri	cęteri T
	6	Istaevones	Isteuones TC
	7	deo	deos T
	8	plurisque	pluēsą T, pluresque B b C c
	.8	Suebos	Sueuos TB b C c
	20	Germaniae	germanię T
	21	Rhenum	rhenium (i puncto delevit T¹) T
	24	omnes	oms T
	24	victore	victor T (cf. arar 14, 17)
2	25	etiam	om. Tc, etiam Bb, &C

⁸ Gentis verbum (2, 14 ed. M.) fol. 1r claudit.

3, 2	2 proelia	prelia T, plia b, plia C, praelia c
4	barditum	Barditum et in marg. Baritū T, baritum supra bardi-
		$\mathrm{tum}\ \mathrm{c}^2$
	futuraeque	futureq T corr. in futureq T2
Ę	5 pugnae	pugne T corr. in pugnę T ²
-	7 vocis	voces TBbCc
7	7 videtur	${\rm videntur}\;{\bf T}{\rm B}{\rm b}{\rm C}c$
10) Ulixen	ulixem T, ulixen Cc, Ulyxen B, Ulyssem (ss in litura) b
15	2 Germaniae	germanie T corr. in germanie T ²
18	3 incolitur	colit~T corr. in īcolit~T*
14	nominatumque	nominatuma ACKITTVPFION aram TBCc, nominatum-
	aram	que aram $(in \ marg. \ deest \ \beta)$ b
18	5 Laertae	Laertę T
	3 monumentaque	monimentaq T C
1'		grecis T
18		germanię T
18	8 ·Raetiaeque	rhetieq T, rhetiaeque b, Retieque B, retiaeque c, retieq; C
18	3 quae	que T
4,	1 Germaniae	germanie T corr. in germanie T ²
	1 Germaniae 2 conubiis	germanie T corr. in germanie T² coñubiis TB b C c
	2 conubiis	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra
	2 conubiis 3 caerulei	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B
(2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T
(2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T
1	2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare 0 assuerunt *	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T tollerare TC
5,	2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T tollerare TC assueverūt TCc, assuerunt († int supra versum) B
5,	2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare 0 assuerunt * 1 specie 2 foeda 7 eaeque	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T tollerare TC assueverūt TCc, assuerunt († int supra versum) B speth (spem corr. in spei? T¹) T, spe~C, spetie c
5,	2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare 0 assuerunt * 1 specie 2 foeda	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T tollerare TC assueverūt TCc, assuerunt († int supra versum) B speth (spem corr. in spei? T¹) T, spe~C, spetie c feda TBb
5,	2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare 0 assuerunt* 1 specie 2 foeda 7 eaeque 7 gratissimae	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T tollerare TC assueverūt TCc, assuerunt († int supra versum) B speth (spem corr. in spei? T¹) T, spe~C, spetie c feda TBb eeq Tb, Eeque B, eātq; C, eatque c
5,	2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare 0 assuerunt * 1 specie 2 foeda 7 eaeque 7 gratissimae 0 Germaniae	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T tollerare TC assueverūt TCc, assuerunt († int supra versum) B speth (spem corr. in spei? T¹) T, spe~C, spetie c feda TBb eeq Tb, Eeque B, eātq; C, eatque c gratissime T
5,	2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare 0 assuerunt * 1 specie 2 foeda 7 eaeque 7 gratissimae 0 Germaniae 2 haud	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T tollerare TC assueverūt TCc, assuerunt († int supra versum) B speth (spem corr. in spei? T¹) T, spe~C, spetie c feda TBb eeq Tb, Eeque B, eātq; C, eatque c gratissime T gēmanie T aut TC comertio T, commertiorum Cc
5, 14 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare 1 specie 2 foeda 7 eaeque 7 gratissimae 10 Germaniae 1 haud 1 commerciorum 1 nostrae pecuniae	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T tollerare TC assueverūt TCc, assuerunt († int supra versum) B speth (spem corr. in spei? T¹) T, spe~C, spetie c feda TBb eeq Tb, Eeque B, eātq; C, eatque c gratissime T gēmanie T aut TC comertio4 T, commertiorum Cc nre pecunie T
5, 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare 0 assuerunt * 1 specie 2 foeda 7 eaeque 7 gratissimae 0 Germaniae 1 haud 5 commerciorum 1 nostrae pecuniae 0 quoque magis quam	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T tollerare TC assueverūt TCc, assuerunt († int supra versum) B speth (spem corr. in spei? T¹) T, spe~C, spetie c feda TBb eeq Tb, Eeque B, eātq; C, eatque c gratissime T gēmanie T aut TC comertiou T, commertiorum Cc nre pecunie T magisq T
5, 14 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	2 conubiis 3 caerulei 6 rutilae 7 valida 9 tolerare 0 assuerunt * 1 specie 2 foeda 7 eaeque 7 gratissimae 0 Germaniae 1 haud 5 commerciorum 1 nostrae pecuniae 0 quoque magis quam	coñubiis TBbCc cerulei Tc, cerulei C, ceruli b, ceruli († lei supra versum) B rutile T vallida (in valida correxit T¹) T tollerare TC assueverūt TCc, assuerunt († int supra versum) B speth (spem corr. in spei? T¹) T, spe~C, spetie c feda TBb eeq Tb, Eeque B, eātq; C, eatque c gratissime T gēmanie T aut TC comertio4 T, commertiorum Cc nre pecunie T

⁹ Confirmare verbum (3, 19 ed. M.) fol. 1v claudit.

6, 1	ne ferrum quidem	ne ferrum († addidit T*) T
5	comminus	cominus T b
10	distinguunt	distingūt TBbCc
11	galea	galeę TBbCc
12	variare	uarietate T b, variare B C c
16	aestimanti	extimanti T, estimati B, estimati b, existimanti C c
17	proeliantur	preliantur \mathbf{T}
18	peditum	paditum (e supra addidit T 1) T
25	proeliis	preliis T
28	superstites	$\operatorname{supstes} \mathbf{T}$
7, 6	ne verberare	neq verberare T
7	poenam	penam TB
7	iussu	iuxu T
7	velut	velud T, veluti C
9	effigiesque	Effigies T
9	detracta	de tracta T
11	fortuita	fortuna T corr. in fortuita T ¹
16	illae	ille \mathbf{T} \mathbf{C}
16	et*	aut TBb, et Cc
8, 4	comminus	comin ⁹ TCb
7	nubiles	nobiles TBCc, nobiles b
9	consilia	consilio T
9	neglegunt	negligūt T b C c, neglegunt B
11	Albrunam	Auriniā (Albrunam sive Albriniam in marg.) T, auriniam B b C, fluriniam c, sed B in margine Albriniam, b t Albriniam, c ab altera manu albriniam supra adscriptum habent.
13	tamquam	tanq~TBc
9, 2	litare	litarē T
3	Martem et Herculem	Herculem & martem T, herculem ac martem Cc, et herculem post placant Bb
4	Sueborum	suevo ₄ T C c b, Suenorum B
6	liburnae	liburne T
8	speciem	spem TC, speciē B, spetiem c
8	assimulare	assimilare T
9	caelestium	celestium T

¹⁰ Quidem verbum (6, 1 ed. M.) fol. 2r claudit.

¹² Modum verbum (9, 6 ed. M.) fol. 3r claudit.

¹¹ Non verbum (7, 7 ed. M.) fol. 2v claudit.

		·
10, 5	fortuito	fortuitu T
10	eundem	eumdem T
12	interrogare	interogare T
13	_	presagia T
22	exploratur*	explorant T C c, exploratur B, corr. ex exploratur b
24	•	depopularium T
25	praeiudicio	preiuditio T, preiuditio C, iudicio B
11 , 2	omnes	omes T
4		inciderit T
5		inchoatur T b C, incohatur B c
10		ne iniussi T
	coeuntium	cetuum T
12	absumitur	assumit T
12		turbe TB, turbe bCc
13		tamen (tantuz in marg.) T, tum c, cum C, tamen B b
15		etas T
		Distintio T
12, 2 7		flagia T, flagitia C, flagicia B, supplicia b
7	abscondi	ascondi T
8	poena	pena ₄ TB, poenarum b C c
9	mulctae	mulcte T
11	conciliis	comitiis T
13		explebes T corr. in explebe T
14	assunt	adsūt TBC
· ·	publicae	puber, pluce C
1	privatae	private T
4	tum in	Tum in T (Tum in Cum correxit et Eum supra addidit Ta), tum in C c et supra cum c², cum in B b
4	vel pater vel	ut ipsi ut propinqui (ipsi punctis delevit et in margine
	propinqui -	$\mathrm{vel} \; \overline{\mathrm{pt}} \; addidit \; \mathbf{T^a}) \; \mathbf{T}$
7	publicae	pub ^{co} T
9	adolescentulis	adolescentibus T
11	etiam	et~ & T
13	aemulatio	emulatio T
15	haec	hec TB
15	hae	he TB
16	semper	semp & T
16	circumdari	circundari T
18	cuique	om. T sed in margine scripsit T ^a

¹³ Committunt verbum (10, 25 ed. M.) fol. 3v claudit.

¹⁴ Comites verbum (12, 13 ed. M.) fol. 4r claudit.

14, 2	vinci	viam T corr. in vinci Ta
2	virtutem principis	virtute principē T
2		adequare T, equare C c
3	ac	om. T sed in marg. scripsit Ta
3	probrosum	probosum T
6	-	precipuum T
8	otio	ocio TBb
9	adolescentium	$adolescentar{u}$ T
11	ancipitia	ancipiatia T corr. in ancipitia T1
13	tuentur	tuere T sed a supra addidit Ta, tuent∞ B, tuētur b,
		tueare C c et reliqui omnes
14	illam	$\operatorname{illamq}_{\mathbf{k}}\mathbf{T}$
17	arare	arar T, arware (=arrare) C
18	exspectare	expectare TBCc
20	et	om. T sed in marg. & addidit Ta
20	adquirere	acquirere TBCc
15 , 2	otium	ocium TB b
5	feminis	fęminis T
	populis	pplos T corr. in pplis Ta
2	ne pati	nepati T
4	locant	locant (in marg. Longant) T, longant (super
		lineam i locant) B, locant sed supra et infra secun-
		dam o litura, ut fuisse videatur lögant (teste Muel-
		lenhoffio) b, in margine Locant β
	conexis	connexis TBbCc
	et	om. T sed super versum supplevit Ta
	cohaerentibus	coherentibus T
	circumdat	circundat TBc
7	caementorum	cemento ₄ T
9	speciem	spetiem T c, spēm C, spetiē B
	imitetur	imitent Te immitet C
12	supterraneos	sb ^o teraneos T, sb ^o t ^o aneos C, subterraneos c, supterraneos B b
14	hiemis	hyemi TBC, hiemi bc
	aperta	aperta T (\bar{n} super lineam addidit T^a)
16	populatur	populatio T
17	ignorantur	ignoranter T

¹⁵ Petunt verbum (14, 9 ed. M.) fol. 4v claudit.

17, 3 3 6 7 9 10 11 11	distinguuntur neglegenter commercia beluarum feminis feminae	Locuplectissimi T distinguntur TBbc, dixtīgūt C negligenter TBbc, neglegenter corr. ex -ūt C comertia T, commertia Cc, corr. t in cb belluarum T foeminis T foemine T admictibus T
18, 3	singulis	singlis T
10		im T corr. in in T
10	haec	hec TB
12	haec	hec T
16	periculorumque	periculo ₄ T
19	denuntiant	renuptiant (?) T, denūciant B
19	vivendum	uiuentes T
19	pereundum	parientes T, pariendum B c, pereundum b, piēdum C
21	rursusque	rursus que T, rursus quae c, rursusq C
19, 1	saepta	septa T, septa cum litura supra lineam b, scepta C
3	feminae	femino T
5	praesens	presens T
9	aetate	etate T
9	invenerit	invenīt (= invenerit) T, invenit Cc
11	saeculum	seculum T
16	tamquam	taną TB
17	finire	finere T $corr.$ in finire T ¹
17	quemquam	quenā TBc, quēq; C
20, 1	ac	atq T
2	quemque	qnq T, quenque c
3	aut	ac TCc, aut Bb
5	deliciis	delitiis T C c
5	dignoscas	dinoscas TBC
7		in exaucta ${f T}$
14	tamquam	tanq T
14	animum	in aīum TBbCc
16	si	sed T $corr.$ in si T 2

 $^{^{17}\,\}mathrm{Pellibusque}\,verbum$ (17, 9 ed. M.) fol. 5v claudit.

¹⁹ Animum verbum (20, 14 ed. M.) fol. 6v claudit.

¹⁸ Litterarum verbum (19,3 ed. M.) fol. 6r claudit.

20, 18	quo*	tanto TBC, propīgores quoxC, quo c et in litura β , quanto Muellenhoffius, D. A., p. 325
19	gratiosior	gratiosior (gratior in marg.) T, gratiosior (1 gratior supra) β c ²
21, 2	implacabiles	implacabiles T, īplicabiles C
8	_	quencunq TB
14	hospitis	hospititis T corr. in hospitis T 1
17	vinclum	Victus T B b C c
18	comitas	$\operatorname{comis} \mathbf{T} \mathbf{B} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{c}$
22, 1	e somno	\cdot N \cdot somno T, e somno C c $oldsymbol{eta}$, enim somno B b
2	saepius	sepius T
3	hiems	hyemis T, hyems B C
7	vinolentos	vinulentos T, vi nulētos C
8	conviciis	conuitiis TBCc
8	caede	$\operatorname{ced}_{\mathbb{Q}}\mathbf{T}$
10		adsciscendis TBC
12	tamquam	$ anar{ ext{q}} ext{T} ext{B}$
14	nec	aut T
23, 6	indulseris	in dulseris T
24, 1	coetu	cętu T C, cetu B
2	nudi iuvenes	Nudi iuuenes Ņuḍi iuuenes T
4	quaestum	${\rm questum}{\bf T}{\rm b}{\rm C}{\rm c}$
10		voluptariam T
13		conditionis TBCc
13		comertia T, comertia C c, comercia β
15	exolvant	exolvat (=exolvant?) T
25, 1	discriptis*	descriptis T <i>libri</i>
4	et	ut TBb, et $Cc\beta$
5	officia	offitia TCc
6	verberare	$ Verberant \ \mathbf{T} $
6	vinculis	vingculis T corr. in vinculis T ¹
9	est	om. T
11	dumtaxat	duntaxat T
11	iis	his T
26, 1	fenus	Foenus T b C c
3	in vices	inuices ^m T, in uices B, inuicē b, uices C, uices c

²⁰ Capiunt verbum (22, 3 ed. M.) fol. 7r claudit.

²² Dignationem verbum (26, 4 ed. M.) fol. 8r claudit.

²¹ Interverbum (24, 2 ed. M.) fol. 7v claudit.

26, 6	praebent	prestant (in marg. prebent) T, prestant (1 prebent supra)
-	1.1	B, praebent c, p̄bēt b, p̄stāt C
7	labore	laborare (in marg. labore) T, labore (in marg. I laborare) P, laborare (I laborare suppos) P, laborare (I laborare suppos) P, laborare (I laborare suppos)
		rare) B, laborare († labor supra) b, labore C c († rare
0	4	supra scripsit c²)
9	et	$\operatorname{ut} \mathbf{T} \mathbf{B} \operatorname{b} \operatorname{c}, \operatorname{et} \operatorname{C} \boldsymbol{\beta}$ $\operatorname{terre} \mathbf{T}$
9	terrae	
11	species	speties Tc, spes BC
11	hiems	Hyems TBCc ²
11	aestas	estas T
27, 3	odoribus	coloribus T
4	equus	equis T, equs c, eq ^o C
4	adicitur	adiicitur TBb, adjicitur c, adicitur C
5	caespes	cespes T b C c
8	feminis	Foeminis T
10	haec	$\operatorname{Hec} \mathbf{T}$
10	commune	comūe T, comuni C
10	origine	orrigine T
13	commigraverint	comigravint T
28, 1	auctor	aucto4 T, auctorū Cc, autor Bb
8	Boii	Boi T
9	Boihaemi	boihemi T, Boihemi († Boijemionē in marg.) B, boiemi
		b, boiemi C, bohemi post nomen c
11	ab Osis	abois T, a boiis B b C c, osis in marg. β
16	Nervii	Neruli TBCc, heruli b
17	tamquam	taną TB
21	ne Ubii	Nubii TBCc, hubii b, ubij margo β
22	libentius	lbentius T corr. in libentius T ²
22	Agrippinenses	Aggripinēses T
23	origine	orrigine T
25	collocati	collati T, conlocati B
29, 1	Batavi	Batauii T B C c, batáui b
3	Chattorum	Cathou T, cattorum b, cattorum B, chattorum C c
3	quondam	condam T
3	populus	populis T C c
6	antiquae	ante T
8	collationibus	collationibus (in marg. collocationib) T, collocationi-
		bus B et supra collationibus c ²

²³ Utraque verbum (28, 8 ed. M.) fol. 8v claudit.

29, 8	proeliorum	prelio ₄ T
14	cetera	cetera T sed i supra a posita esse videtur T ²
14	similes	si miles T $corr.$ in similes T ²
14	Batavis	Bactauis T
18	Danuviumque	Dannubiumq T, danubiumque Bbc, danuuiumque C
19	decumates	Decumathes TBc
20	dubiae	$\operatorname{dubie}\mathbf{T}$
22	praesidiis	presidiis T
22	pars	par T
22	provinciae	prouincie T
30, 1	Chatti	cati T, catti b C, chatti B c
2	incohant	inchoant TC, incohant c, $\bar{\imath}$ coha $\bar{\imath}$ B, inchoat b, incho $\bar{\imath}$ et post t litura β
4	Chattos	cathos T, cattos b, chattos B c, cactos C
6	artus	arctus T, arc ⁹ C c
8	sollertiae	solertię T C c b
8	praeponere	preponere T
8	praepositos	prepositos T
9	intellegere	intelligere TBbCc
9	occasiones	occioes (in marg. occasiones) T
12	Romanae	roe T, roe C, romane B, romane b, ratione c β, ratione
		Muellenhoffius, D. A., p. 411
12	disciplinae	$\operatorname{discipline} \mathbf{T}$
14	in pedite	impedite T corr. in in pedite T^1
16	Chattos	cathos T, cattos b
31, 1	raro	raro T, raro b C, rara B, rara c
2	Chattos	cathos T, cattos b, cattos C
2	consensum	conventum T
7	pretia nascendi	pretia† nascendi T, nascendi B, nascendi c, noscendi b C
7	rettulisse	retulisse T $libri$
11	caede	cedę T, cede B
11	Chattorum	cathou T, cattorum b
14	haec	hec T
17	ad quemque	adquenq T, ad quenque b c
18	contemptores	conteptores T, contentores C
18	durae	dure T
32, 1	Chattis	cathis T, cattis b

²⁴ Magnitudo verbum (29, 11 ed. M.) fol. 9r claudit.

²⁵ Pugna verbum (30, 17 ed. M.) fol. 9v claudit.

20 9) golitum	solium solitum (solium punctis infra positis delevit
52, 8	3 solitum	T') T
4	ł praecellunt	precellunt T
4	L Chattos	Cathos T, cattos b
6	infantium	infanctium T (corr. in infantium T2)
7	7 haec	hec T
(natu	natui T (corr. in natu T²)
33, 4	praedae	predę
	o proelii	prelii ${f T}$
(invidere	om. T
() quaeso	queso T
10	urgentibus	urgentibus iam TBb, ī urgentib C, in urgentibus c et supra † īgentib ^o c ²
34, 1	Dulgubnii	Dulgicubuni (dulgibnii margo) T, dulgitubini b, Dulgibini (et supra † dulgitubini) B, dulgibini C c et supra dulcubuni c²
9	2 Chasuarii	Thasuarii T B, tasuarii b, occasuarii C, chasudrii ç
4	Frisiis	frisis TBc et in marg. β , frisçis C, frisiis b
ŧ	5 praetexuntur	pretexuntur T
. 6	immensos	in mensos T
(insuper	in super ${f T}$
	7 classibus	claxibus T
8	B illa	illa (illis margo) T
8	8 temptavimus*	tentauimus TCc, tētauimus Bb
() volgavit	uulgauit T b, uolgauit B C, uoligauit c
10) quidquid	quicd T libri
10		magnum T, magnu; B, magnificum C c et in litura β , magn in margine β
13	l consensimus	consensimus (cōsuevim argo) T
1:		Durso T corr. in Druso T ¹
13		tentauit TBc, tētauit b, temptauit C
35,	l in septentrionem	Inseptemtrionē T
9	2 ac primo	A primo T corr in Ac primo T ¹
	3 incipiat	incipiant T
:	3 Frisiis	Frisis TBbCc
4	4 litoris	littoris T
	optenditur	obtendit TB, optenditur b, obtendere Cc
	in Chattos	in chatos T, incattos b, incaptos C
26 F.	quitum verbum (32, 5 ed. M.) fol. 10	r claudit. 27 Oniconid verbum (34, 10 ed. M.) fol. 100 claudit.

²⁶ Equitum verbum (32, 5 ed. M.) fol. 10r claudit.

²⁷ Quicquid verbum (34, 10 ed. M.) fol. 10v claudit.

35,	6	sinuetur	sinuet (sinat margo) T, sinatur C c, sinuetur B b
•	6		in mensum T
	7	et implent	implet T, et implent B et implet C
	13	iniurias	Iniuriam T
36,	1	Chattorumque	cathogq T, cattorumque b
,	2	ac	∾ (ac supra lineam scripto) T
	2	inlacessiti	illacessiti T
	4	inpotentes	potentis T, inpotentes b C c, ī potentis B
	5	nomina	nomine T B b C c
	7	Chattis	Chattis T, cattis b
	8	tracti	Tacti T B b C, tracti c
	9	adversarum	aduersarum (adusariis <i>margo</i>) T , aduersarum († aduersariis) B b, adu ^o sarium C
	9	aequo	equo ${f T}$
	9	socii	sotii T c, sunt socii C
]	10	fuissent	fuisse (= fuissent?) T
37,	1	sinum	situm TBb, sinum Cc
	2	tenent	tenent~ T
	3	famae	$\mathbf{fame} \; \mathbf{T}$
	4	ambitu	ambitum T, ambitum B, ambitum C c
	6	sescentesimum	Sexcentesimum T c, sesc-B b, sec-C
	8	Caecilio	Cecilio ${f T}$
	8	ac*	& T B b, ac C c
	8	Papirio	Sapirio TB, papirio Cc, Sapyrio b
	8	consulibus	$c\bar{o}ss: T, cons b, conss \beta, eos C$
	9	si	om. T
	10	consulatum	conuentum T, con B
]	11	Germania	in Germania T
]	14	saepius	m sepius~ T
]	16	caedem	$\operatorname{cedem} \mathbf{T} \mathbf{B}$
]	16	et ipse	& $\overline{\text{1po}}$ & $\overline{\text{1pe}}$ T B b C c
-	17	obiecerit	obiecerunt T, obicit~ C
	18	et Scauro	Scauro T
	19	Caepione	Cepione \mathbf{T}
:	19	Gnaeoque	Marcoq T, Marcoq; (= Marcoquoque vel Marcoque) B mi q (= miquoque) C, M. c, marco qoq b
6	20	populo Romano	populi Romani T B b C c
9	24	Caesaris	Cesaris T

²⁸ Vocantur verbum (36, 7 ed. M.) fol. 11r claudit.

²⁹ Italia verbum (37, 22 ed. M.) fol. 11v claudit.

37, 25	minae	mine T
25	versae	om. T
25		inde ocium TBb, in otium C
27	hibernis	hybernis TBC
28	ac rursus inde pulsi	ac rursus pulsi inde (nam margo) pximis T, ac rursus
	proximis	pulsi inde proximis B, ac rursus inde pulsi proximis b, ac rursus pulsi nam proximis c, ac & expulsi rursus īde proximis C
38, 1	Suebis	Suevis TBbCc et ubique similiter
2	Chattorum	catho ₄ T
2	Tencterorumve	Tenctetou ve (Tenctetorum corr. in Tencterorum T 1) T
3	optinent	obtin& T C, obtinent c
4	quamquam	ğΤΒ, q; q; C c, quam b
4	commune	comuni T, comune C
6	sic	sicut (Sic margo) T
7	Sueborum	servo ₄ T
9	quod	quid T
9	saepe	sepę ${f T}$
10	iuventae	iuuente T
12	saepe	sepe T
12	in ipso solo	in solo (in ipo margo; signo $ \cdot $ ante solo apposito) T, in solo B, in ipso (solo supra adscripsit β) b, in ipso
	•	solo C c
12	vertici*	vertice T B b C c
13	formae	$\mathbf{forme} \; \mathbf{T}$
13	innoxia	innoxie T B b c, inopię C
15	comptius	compti ut T B b C, compti et c
16	ornantur*	armantur (onant margo) T, armantur B, ornantur b, ornantur C c, armantur supra c ²
39, 1	Semnones	Semones (Semnones margo) T, Semones B, senones b, semones C c
3	stato tempore	Statuto (Stato tpe margo) T
3	patrum	patrium TBbC, patrum β , patruum c
4	sacram	sacrum T B b C c, sacram β
4	omnes	oms (nomis † numis margo) T, omnis Cc, omnes Bb sed supra adscripto † nois † numinis B, † nominis c
4	eiusdem	eiusdemą T B

 $^{^{30}}$ Sanguinis verbum (39, 4ed. M.) fol. 12^r claudit.

39, 6		horrentia T
13		Adiicit T B b C c
13	Semnonum	Semonum (Semnonuz margo) T, Semonū (1 sennonū
		supra) B, senonum b, semnonum C c
14	habitant*	habitant~T B b C e
14	corpore	corpore (tempore margo) T, corpore (t tempore supra)
	-	B, corpore b, corpore C c
		B, corpore b, corpore e e
40, 1	nobilitat	nobilitas T B b C, nobilitat c
2	cincti	cuncti T
3	proeliis	pręliis T
5	Suardones	Suarines (Suardones margo) T, Suarines B b C c, dones
	•	supra ines adscripsit β , suardones cod. Hummel. et
		non nulli alii
5	Nuithones	Nuitones T, Nuithones Bc, nuitones C, nurtones b, i
		supra r β
7	Nerthum	Nertum T, Nerthum c, nethum C, Neithū B, neithum
		b, r supra i β
10	ео	ea TBbCc
12	intellegit	intelligit TBbCc
13	feminis	fęminis T
13	laeti	Leti T
14	quaecumque	quecūq, T
15		sumunt T, sumut B, sumut C
16	pax et quies	pax & quies (& supra lineam addito T ¹) T
20	servi	Sevi T corr. in Servi T ²
41, 1	haec	$\operatorname{hec} \mathbf{T}$
1	Sueborum	verbo μ TBbCc
2	Germaniae	germanie T corr. in germanie T2
2	propior	proprior Tc, propior B
3	Danuvium	Danubium Tbc, Danuuium BC
3	${f Hermundurorum}$	Hermundo4 T
5	commercium	comertium TC, comertiu Bc
6	Raetiae	Rhetię Tb, Retie B, retię Cc
7	passim	passum T corr. in passim T ¹
42, 1	Varisti	Narisci T, Naristi Bbc, Narisci in margine β , maristi C
42, 1	praecipua	precipua T
4	Praccipaa	precipua 1

 $^{^{31}\}mathrm{Quies\,tunc\,tantum}\,verba$ (40, 16 ed. M.) fol. $^{12^v}$ claudunt.

42, 3	ipsa etiam	et & ipa (& lineola inducta delevit et signa transposi-
3	Boiis	tionis supra etiam et ipsa addidit T^1) T , etiam ipsa b Bois $TBCc$, boiis b
4	Varisti	narisci T, Naristi Bbc, maristi C
5	Germaniae	Germanie T
5	Danuvio Danuvio	danubio Tbc, danuuio B C
6	praecingitur	peragit~TBbCc
7	manserunt*	mansere TB, manser b, manserunt Cc
8	Tudri	Trudi T
10	saepius	sepius T
10	Sacpras	50 1245 2
43, 1	Cotini	Gotini TBbCc
2	claudunt	claudiut T
3	Cotinos	${\rm Gotinos}\;{\rm T}{\rm B}{\rm b}{\rm C}{\rm c}$
7	Cotini	Gotini TBb, Cotini Cc
7	$\operatorname{effodiunt}$	$ {\it effodunt} \; {\bf T} $
10	Suebiam	sueviam TBbCc
12	Lygiorum	Legiorum T, Legiorum B, legiorum b (Ligij in margine
14	Helvaeonas	β), leugiorum C, legiorum c c ² heluetonas (halosionas $margo$) T, Heluetonas B, helue-
		conas b, eluheconas C, Heueconas c c ²
15	Nahanarvalos	Nahanarulos (naharualos margo) T, Nahanarualos B, naharualos b, nahanarualos C, nachanarualos c
15	apud Nahanarualos	Apd Naharualos TBb, nacharualos Cc
15	religionis	religionis (regionis <i>margo</i>) T , religionis Bb, regionis Cc
16	praesidet	Presid& T
21	Harii	alii TBbCc
22	truces	trucis TBC, trucis (s puncto deleta) b, trucīs c
23	feritati	feriati T
26	sustinente	$\mathrm{Sb}^{\circ}\mathrm{stinar{e}te}\;\mathrm{T}\;\mathrm{c}$
28	Gotones	Gothones $TBbCc$
28	regnantur	regnāt TBC, regnant b, regnantur c
29	adductius	adductus T, aductius C
31	Lemovii	lemonii T b, u supra n posuit, sed in margine Lemonii β , Lemouii B C c
44, 1	ipso*	ipe T B, ipsae b, ipo C c
1	Oceano	occeanum T, oceanum Bb, no supra adscripsit β , occeano C c

44, 1	praeter	preter T
	utrinque	utrimq, T, utriq; C
	ministrant	ministrāt~ T B b C c
	clausa	causa T
12	otiosae	Ociosa TB b, occiosa C, otiosa c
		•
1	immotum	īmotum T, inmotum C
4	ortum*	ortus T C c, ortum B b
4	edurat	edura T corr. in edurat T 1
4	sidera hebetet	ḥeḥ& & (hebet et expunxit et sydera hebet& in margine addidit T 1) T
5	equorum	deo ₄ (eo ₄ margo) T, deorum B b C c, eorū cod. Stutt- gartiensis, cod. Vindobonensis
6	adicit	aspicit adiicit (aspicit punctis deleto) T, adiicit B b C c
8	Suebici	Seuici (Sueuici margo) T, seuici b, Saeuici B C c,
		supra t sueuici Bc ² , sueuici et in margine suionici β
8	Aestiorum	Aestyou T, Aestiorum B C c, estiorum b, eflu supra
		scripsit et in margine eflui β
9	adluuntur	abluunt TBb, alluuntur c, adluuntur C
10	Britannicae	Britanice T, britanice C
10	propior	proprior T
17	sucinum	succinū T b, sucinum B C c
17	glaesum	glesum T B b C c
18	litore	littore TBCc
18	quae	que ${f T}$
19	quaeve	que ue (uo margo) T
19	quaesitum	quesitum T
22	perfertur *	profertur T, pfertur b
23	sucum	Succum T b C c, sucum B
24	intellegas	intelligas TBbCc
27	igitur	$\operatorname{ergo} \mathbf{T}$
28	tura	thura T c
29	terrisque solis	$om. \ \mathbf{T}$
30	radiis	radius T B b C, radiis c
32	litora	littora omissum scripsit in margine T 1
32	exundant	exsudant Tc, exudant C
32	sucini	succini T b C, sucini B c
33	temptes	tentes T, tētes B b C c
33	taedae	tede T, tedae b c

³⁴ Quod verbum (45, 3 ed. M.) fol. 14r claudit.

 $^{^{25}}$ Tem. $syllaba\ prima\ tempestatum\ verbi\ (45, 31\ ed.\ M.)$ fol. 14^v claudit.

45, 36	Suionibus	Si uonibus T corr. in Suionibus T 2
37	different	differt T , different $^{\omega}$ C
46 1	hic Suebiae finis	Hic Suevie fines T, hic sueuie (Sueuie B, sueuiae c c²) fines B C c, hi sueuie fines b
5	torpor	ţempore torpor (tempore punctis deleto) T
6	conubiis	conubiis TB b c
6	mixtis	mixtos TBc, mistos b, o puncto delevit et i supra adscripsit β
8	quidquid	quicd TBbc
11	figunt	fingunt TCe, figunt Bb
11	pedum	peditum Tc, pecudum Bb, corr. in peditum β
13	sunt	om. T
14	foeda	feda T B
15	herba	erba ${f T}$
16	solae	Sola T
16	sagittis	sagiptis T
16	inopia	in opia ${f T}$
17	idemque	Idem T
19	praedae	predę \mathbf{T}
23	inlaborare	illaborare T
25	difficillimam	difficilimam T, difficillimam C c, difficilem B b
27	Oxionas	oxionas (etionas $margo$) T, Oxionas (tetionas $supra$) B, oxionas b c, t etionas $supra$ β , exionas C, Etionas $Muellenhoffius$, $D.$ $A.$ p. 517
28	voltusque	uultusq T b C c, uoltusque B
28	corpora	& corpora T C c
29	ego	om. T

Cornelii Taciti De Origine Et Situ Germanorum Liber Explicit B

: ∞ : ∞ : ∞ Finit b finis: $\Theta \epsilon \lambda \circ \sigma C$ $\infty T \epsilon \lambda \omega \circ c$: $\infty T \epsilon \lambda \omega \sigma$

FVLGINIĘ SCRIPTVM GERENTE ME MAGISTRATVM PV \cdot SCRIBĘ KAL'. IVN \cdot 1474 T

Attention has been called already (pp. 4, 5) to the three classes of corrections which T shows. T^1 is the scribe himself making corrections from the MS, which he is following. The doubt which an examination of the handwriting of T^a and T^a and of the ink used by them leaves in one's mind (cf. p. 5) can best be resolved by examin-

³⁶ Aliud verbum (46, 19 ed. M.) fol. 15r claudit.

ing the corrections made by each of these hands. A conspectus of those made by T^a is given in the following table, and, to facilitate comparison, the readings of certain other MSS. and early editions³⁷ are also indicated.

CORRECTIONS BY SECOND HAND

]	Ed. Muell.	${f T}$	$\mathbf{T}^{\mathbf{a}}$
1, 11	septimum	septimus	septimum enim
2, 16	Herminones	hermiones Vat. 2964, N, R	herminones
3, 13	incolitur	colitur	incolitur
6, 1	quidem	om.	quidem
13, 4	tum in	tum in K	cum in (cum in Vat. 2964, N)
4	pater	ipsi Vat. 2964, K, N	pater
18	cuique	om. K, N	cuique
14, 2	vinci	viam	vinci
3	ac	om.	ac
13	tuentur	tuere	tueare R (?) (tuear Vat. 2964,
			tueantur K, N)
20	et	om.	et
16 , 1	populis	populos	populis
5	et	om. K, N	et
16	aperta	aperta	non aperta

It is necessary to anticipate a conclusion reached later in this paper (cf. pp. 37 ff.) by stating at this point that T is closely related to K (or L), Vat. 2964 (Massmann's Rd), the Nuremberg editions, and the Roman edition of 1474. If, therefore, the corrections of T^a differ from the readings of this group, 33 it is apparent that he is either introducing his own conjectures, or basing his corrections on some other MS. than the archetype of T. An examination of the table will show that the state of things just supposed is the case at 1, 11; 2, 16; 13, 4 (ipsi); 13, 18; and 16, 5. In all these cases the first hand in T shows the same errors found in other members of the group, so that the corrections of T^a give different readings from those of the E MSS. assumed that T, although it was related to the MSS, and editions mentioned, belonged to a collateral branch into which the errors under discussion had not entered. nigh inconceivable, however, that the first hand in T and the copyist of the archetype from which K, Vat. 2964, R and N are descended should have committed the same errors at all of these points. The conclusion reached after an examination of these readings is confirmed by a glance at the other corrections made by T^a. In no case does he restore a reading peculiar to the EMSS. The readings of Ta at 3, 13; 6, 1; 14, 2;

³⁷ K = Kappianus or Longolianus (cf. Massmann, p. 4); R = editio Romana (cf. Massmann, pp. 25 ff., and Tagmann. De Taciti Germaniae apparatu critico p. 23) N = editio Norimbergensis (cf. Massmann, p. 24; Tagmann,

p. 22, and Müllenhoff, Deutsche Altertumskunde, Vol. IV, pp. 689 ff.

³⁸ From this point on we shall designate this group of MSS. as the E class, following Müllenhoff's nomenclature.

14, 3; 14, 13; 14, 20, and 16, 1 are found, it is true, in MSS. of the class mentioned, but they also all appear in important MSS. entirely independent of that group.

Special interest attaches to 1, 11; 13, 4 (cum in); 13, 4 (pater); and 16, 16. In 13, 4 and 16,16 T, in harmony with the E MSS., had ipsi and aperta, which Ta changes to pater and non aperta. In 1, 11 septimus, the reading of T is nearer septimum, the reading of the E class, than septimum enim is. A similar statement may be made in regard to tum in, the reading of T at 13, 4. All of the readings of Ta, with the exception of non aperta, are found in other MSS. That correction may be based on the copyist's conjecture, but the others seem to be clearly taken from some other MS.

This conclusion does not carry with it the corollary that the reading of T at all the points mentioned represents correctly the archetype. On the contrary, wherever T^a coincides with the E MSS. we should adopt its reading, not because it is the reading of T^a, but because evidence from the E group makes it almost certain that the archetype of T and the E MSS. had the reading in question at that point. Accordingly we should accept incolitur, 3, 13; quidem, 6, 1; vinci, 14, 2; ac, 14, 3; tueare, 14, 13; et, 14, 20, and populis, 16, 1. All these are simple errors, in their first stage of development, so to speak, and there is no difficulty in believing that they were made by the first hand in T, and that consequently they do not represent the readings of the archetype of T at these points. On the other hand, to restore the archetype of T, we should adopt the reading of T at 1, 11; 2, 16; 13, 4 (tum in); 13, 4 (ipsi); 13, 18; 16, 5, and 16, 16.

It may be surmised with some probability that the corrections made by T^a were taken from Vindobonensis I (Massmann's W; cf. p. 21), or from some MS. very closely related to it. This seems to be a natural inference from the fact that W has the readings of T^a at all fourteen of the points cited in the table on p. 22, while, if the reports of Massmann and Tagmann may be trusted, it is the only MS. which gives all three of the characteristic readings, septimum enim os, 1, 11; Herminones, 2, 16; and tum eum, 13, 4. That Toletanus is otherwise independent of W seems clear for two reasons. It does not, on the one hand, show the errors peculiar to W (e. g., erumpit, 1, 11; Aranisci, 28, 11; Germaniae, 28, 17; and Bastranas, 46, 3), while, on the other hand, abnormal forms like iuxu, 7, 7, and simple errors peculiar to T, like effigies, 7, 9; consilio, 8, 9; depopularium, 10, 24; and comitiis, 12, 11, are passed over by T^a without correction.

The corrections made by T² are simpler. They are given in the following table.

CORRECTIONS BY THIRD HAND

	Ed. Muell.	${f T}$	\mathbf{T}^2
3, 5	futurae	future	futurę
5	pugnae	pugne	pugnę
12	Germaniae	${f germanie}$	germanię
		237	

20, 16	si	sed	si
28, 22	libentius	lbentius	libentius
29, 14	cetera	cetera	cetera (?)
14	similes	si miles	similes
32, 6	infantium	infanctium	infantium
9	natu	natui	natu
40, 20	servi	sevi	servi
41, 2	Germaniae	germanie	germanię
45, 36	Suionibus	Si uonibus	Suionibus

If cetera, 29, 14, be left out of account, in none of these cases is there any reason for believing that T² either based his corrections on another MS., or introduced his own conjectures. The mark over the final letter in cetera bears some resemblance to an i, but it is doubtful if it was intended for that letter. The fact has already been noticed (cf. p. 5) that the corrections of T² were made by the official corrector who inserted the titles and paragraph marks, and evidently they represent the correct reading of the archetype of T.

Having reached a conclusion in regard to the corrections in T, we are in a position to discuss the relation of T to the other MSS, of the Germania. The errors which T shows in common with the leading MSS. BbCc prove that they are all derived from the same archetype. The errors common to all five are voces, 3, 7; videntur, 3, 7; ACKITTYPFION, 3, 14; connubiis, 4, 2; distingunt, 6, 10; galee, 6, 11; nobiles, 8, 7; turbae, 11, 12; poenarum, 12, 8; connexis, 16, 5; in animum, 20, 14; victus, 21, 17; comis, 21, 18; descriptis, 25, 1; aboiis, 28, 11; Neruli, 28, 16; Nubii, 28, 21; retulisse, 31, 7; quicquid, 34, 10; Frisis, 35, 3; nomine, 36, 5; et ipso et ipse, 37, 16; populi Romani, 37, 20; vertice, 38, 12; innoxie (inopie C), 38, 13; sacrum, 39, 4; adiicit, 39, 13; habitantur, 39, 14; ea, 40, 10; verborum, 41, 1; peragitur, 42, 6; Gotini, 43, 1; Gotinos, 43, 3; alii, 43, 21; Gothones, 43, 28; ministrantur, 44, 4; otiosa, 44, 12; deorum, 45, 5; adiicit, 45, 6; Suevorum, 45, 9; tentes, 45, 33; and fines, 46, 1, leaving out of account such deviations from the accepted orthography as Suevi, intelligere, and the use of e for ae. T, therefore, like all the other extant MSS. of the Germania, twenty or more in number, is a descendant of the Hersfeld MS., so-called.³⁹ This MS. was made known to scholars about 1455, and it seems to be proved now beyond question that Enoch of Ascoli, who found it in Germany, brought back to Italy the MS. itself, and not a copy of it, as had been commonly supposed. 40

³⁹ Whether this MS. came from Hersfeld, Corvey, or elsewhere is not a matter of moment in this connection.

40 This point was happily settled by Sabbadini in the Rivista di Filologia, Vol. XXIX (1901), pp. 262-4. Pier Candido Decembrio was at the papal court, as Sabbadini shows, when Enoch of Ascoli returned from Germany and thus describes the new MS., in so far as the Germania is concerned: "cornelii taciti liber reperitur Rome visus 1455 de Origine et situ Germanie. Incipit: 'Germania

omnis a Gallis retiisque et panoniis Rheno et danubio fluminibus a Sarmatis daeisque mutuo metu aut montibus seperatur, cetera occeanus ambit.' Opus est foliorum XII in columnellis. Finit: 'Cetera iam fabulosa helusios et oxionas ora hominum vultusque corpora atque artus ferarum gerere, quod ego ut incompertum in medium relinquam.' Utitur autem cornelius hoc vocabulo 'inscientia' ono 'Inscitia''. Our extant MSS, in the passage in question (chap. 16) have inscitia, so that Decembrio seemsto be



Having established the fact that T is descended from Hersfeldensis, let us inquire into the relation which it bears to the other Germania MSS., all of which have a like origin. It is now agreed on all sides that the text of the Hersfeld MS. is best preserved by MSS. of the two independent classes which Müllenhoff has styled B and C respectively, one of which classes is represented by Vat. 1862 (B) and Leidensis (b), the other by Vat. 1518 (C) and Neapolitanus (c). At more than one hundred points these two classes of MSS. offer different readings, and a comparison of T with them at these points throws a great deal of light upon the relation which T bears to each of them and to the Hersfeld MS. In the table which follows all the passages are brought together in which B b and C c disagree. A star (*) indicates that the reading is adopted by Müllenhoff in his edition of the Germania. A dagger (†) means that T is in error with B b; a double dagger (‡) that T is in error with C c. In a supplementary table some peculiar cases are given.

TABLE SHOWING THE READINGS OF T AT POINTS WHERE Bb and Cc disagree.

	Вь	C c
2, 12	Tristonē (Tuisman $marg.$) B, tristonē b	Tuisconē T, Tuistonē C, Bistonem c, (Tuistonem, ed. Muell.) *
3, 13	hodieque * T B b	hodie C c
4, 2	populos * T B b	populis C c
5	q̄ q̄ (al. tanq̄ marg.) B, quamquam* T b	tanquam C c
6	ceruli B, ceruli b	cerulei C, cerulei * T c
10	assuerunt B, assuerunt b	assueuerunt ‡ T C c
5, 7	eęque * T b, eeque B	eātque C, eatque c
8	propitiine * T B b	propitii C c
12	perinde B, perinde * T b	proinde C c
21	affectatione † T B b	affectione C c
6, 8	ī mensum B b	ī īmensum C c, in immensum * T
1641	aestimanti Bb, extimanti (= esti- manti * ?) T	existimanti C c
21	quidem B b	quod * T C c
7, 2	aut * TBb	ac C c
2	etiam B b	et * T C c
12	aut propinquitates B b	et propinquitates * T C c

in error in his comment on this matter; but the important point in his statement, to which Sabbadini calls attention, is the fact that Enoch's MS. was written in columns, whereas in Decembrio's time it was the practice to make the lines in MSS. run across the entire page. This shows clearly enough that Enoch brought the German MS. itself with him and not a copy of it. The title which the Ger-

mania bore in the Hersfeld MS, also makes it reasonably sure that the original title was De Origine et Situ Germanorum. This is the title which appears in MSS. B and C.

41 Upon such forms as extimanti for estimanti cf. Gude-Man, "Bemerkungen zum Codex Toletanus des Agricola," in the Berliner Philologische Wochenschrift, 1902, col. 796.

7, 16	aut * T B b	et C c
8, 3		pręco C c
9, 3	et herculem after placant B b	herculem & martem * T, herculem ac martem
10, 17	hinnitusque * T B b	hinnitus c, himnitus C
20	istos B b	illos * T C c
22	exploratur B b	explorant ‡ T C c
11, 3	pertractentur * T B b	praetractentur C c
13	tamen Bb, tamen + (tantum marg.) T	cum C, tum c
12, 1	concilium * TBb	consilium C c
10	uindicauit B b	uindicatur * T C c
13, 4	cum Bb	tum * T C c
5	propinqui * T B b	propinquus C c
13	primus * T B b	p ^m C, primum c
14	principum cui * TB b	principium cui C c
14, 2	adequare * TBb	equare C c
6	eius om. b, ē B	eius * T C c
13	tuentur B b	tueare‡ T C c
16, 4	longant B, logant b	locant Cc, locant * (longant marg.) T
17, 5		gerunt * T C c
18, 11		id C, a' c
12	hoc maximum * T B b	hęc maximum C c
19, 9	inuenerit * T B b	inuenit C c
20, 3	aut * B b	ac ‡ T C c
21, 7	aliqua B b	alia * T C c
22, 1	enim † T B b	e C c
9	sed et * TBb	sed C c
14	adhec B b	adhuc * T C c
15	ioci B, ioci b	ioci * T C c
24, 3		excitatio C c
25, 2	ministris B b	ministeriis * T C c
4	ut † T B b	et C c
6	exequentur * T B b	exequantur C c
9-14	liberti argumentum misplaced B b	in proper place * T C c
26, 3	in uices B, inuicem b, inuices ^m * T	uices C, uices c
27, 1	obseruat B, obseruant b	observatur * TCc
28, 2	autor B b	auctorum ‡ T C c
13	commigrauerint * T B b	comigrauerunt C c
14	qui B, q b	quia * TC c
	240	

29,	3	populus B b	populis ‡ T C c
30,		ulera B b	ultra * T C c
,	5	ac B b	atque * T C c
	19	propior * T B b	propiora C c
31,		uultu* T B b	cultu C c
33,		nihil* TBb	nil C c
34,		Angriuarios* TB, angrinarios b	anguiarios C, anguarios c
	2	Thasuarii* TB, tasuarii b	occasuarii C, Chasudrii c
	3	Frisii* TBb	frisi c, frisci C
	10	magnu; B, magnificum in litura	magnificum C c
		(magn marg.) β , magnum† T	3
35,	5	obtenditur* TB, optenditur b	obtendere C c
	6	nam B b	tam* T C c
	9	maluit B, malit corr. from malint b	malit* T C c
	13	assequuntur* TBb	assequantur C c
36,	8	fusi Bb	fosi* T C c
37,	1	situm* TBb	sinum C c
	8	et† TBb	ac Cc
	8	Sapirio TB, Sapyrio b	papirio C c
38,	12	in solo B, in ipso (solo written above	in ipso solo* TCc
,		β) b	1
	12	religatur* TBb	ligant Cc
40,	3	ac* TBb	& C c
	3	Veusdigni B, Veusdigni (R written	Reudigni* Tc, Reudigi C
		above V β) b	
	7	Neithum B, neithum (r above i β) b	nerthum Cc, Nertum* T
	9	populis* T B b	propriis C c
41,		passim* T B b	passim et C c
42,	4	parata B b	parta* T C c
	7	mansere† TBb	manserunt C c
43,	1	Buri* T B b	Burii C c
	2	Quadorumque* TBb	o qdorumque Cc
	7	gotini† TB b	Cotini C c
	18	memorat B b	memorant* TCc
44,	1	ipse+ TB, ipsae b	ipso C c
	1	oceanum B b, occeanum T	occeano C c
	4	frontem* TBb	fronte Cc
	8	non* T B b	nec Cc
45,	2	cludique* T B b	claudique C c
	4	ortum B b	ortus‡ T C c
		0.11	

45, 5	formasque* TBb	formas C c
9	abluuntur* TB b	adluuntur C, alluuntur c
19	gignat* TBb	gignit C c
28	sudant B b	sudantur* T C c
36	gens Bb	$ m gentes* \ T \ C \ c$
37	different* B b, differt T	$\mathbf{differuntur}\mathbf{C}\mathbf{c}$
46, 11	figunt B b	$\mathrm{fingunt} \ \mathbf{T} \ \mathbf{C} \ \mathbf{c}$
25	difficilem B b	difficillimam C c, difficilimam* T
28	corpora B b	et corpora‡ T C c

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE

etiam B b	& C, om. T c
obiectis T B b	abiectis c, dictis C
artus B b, arctus T	arcus C c
urgentibus iam, TBb	in urgentibus Cc
sinuetur B b, sinuetur (sinatur	sinatur C c
$marg.)$ ${f T}$	
Marcoquoque or Marcoque B, Mar-	miquoque C, M c
coquoque b, Marcoque T	
omnes b, omnes B, oms (nomis t	omnis Ce
numīs marg.) T	
corpore B, corpore b, corpore (tem-	corpore C c
pore marg.) T	_
naharualos T B b	nacharualos C c
	obiectis T B b artus B b, arctus T urgentibus iam, T B b sinuetur B b, sinuetur (sinatur marg.) T Marcoquoque or Marcoque B, Marcoquoque b, Marcoque T Inōis Inuminis omnes b, omnes B, oms (noms t nums marg.) T I tempore temp corpore B, corpore b, corpore (tempore marg.) T

Of the 100 cases given in the first table

T agrees with Bb and gives the correct reading in 47. T agrees with Cc and gives the correct reading in 33. T agrees with Bb and gives an incorrect reading in 11. T agrees with Cc and gives an incorrect reading in 9.

The true state of affairs and the significance of these figures will be more apparent after an analysis of the instances in which TBb and TCc are respectively in error. The text upon which the above calculation is based is that of Müllenhoff, because Müllenhoff's edition of the *Germania* is the only one which contains a satisfactory critical apparatus. During the thirty years, however, which have elapsed since its appearance, the reconstruction of the text has made considerable progress, and the present state of the investigation is perhaps well represented by Schwyzer's revision (1902) of the Schweizer-Sidler text. Let us compare the readings of his text with the eleven cases where TBb are in error, and the nine where TCc are in error, when tested by Müllenhoff's text.

	ТВь		Schwyzer
5, 21	affectatione	affectione	•
11, 13	tamen B b, tamen (tantum marg.) T	tum	
22, 1	enim	е	
25, 4	ut	et	
34, 10	magnum T, magnu; B, magnificum	magnificum	
	in litura and magn marg. β	_	
37, 8	et	et	
8	Sapirio T B, Šapyrio b	Papirio	
42, 7	mansere TBb	manserunt	
43, 7	Gotini	Cotini	
44, 1	īpe TB, ipsae b	ipso	
1	occeanum T, oceanum B b	oceano	
	TCc		Schwyzer
4, 10	assueuerunt	adsueuerunt	
10, 22	explorant	explorant	
14, 13	tueare	tueare	
20, 3	ac	aut	
28, 2	auctorum	auctorum	
29, 3	populis	populus	
45, 4	ortus	ortus	
46, 11	fingunt	figunt	
28	et corpora	corpora	

In only one (37, 8) of the cases of the first group is the reading of TBb adopted, while five readings of TCc are admitted into the text.⁴² In other words, at three points only, (viz., 20, 3; 29, 3; and 46, 28) do the MSS. TCc, as over against Bb, fail to preserve the reading of Hersfeldensis, and at least two of these cases may readily be accepted as independent errors of the copyists of T and Cc.

Let us pass to an examination of the supplementary table on p. 28. At 3, 9 T is correct and in agreement with Bb; c has misread the first letter, and C has made a more serious blunder. At 30, 6 perhaps the archetype of all five MSS. had artus. Bb neglected the variant, Cc accepted c as a correction, and T thought the letter above had been omitted. At 2, 25 Bb read etiam, C&, while T and c have neither

42 Müllenhoff himself in later years expressed a preference for three of the T C c readings, viz., assueverunt (4, 10), explorant (10, 22), and ortus (45, 4) (cf. Deutsche Altertums-kunde, Vol. IV, pp. 147, 232, 505.) He also maintained with probability (ibid., p. 81) that "an den beiden letzten Stellen (i. e., 28, 2 and 46, 11) stand in A (i. e. Hersfeldensis) ohne Zweifel aucto 2 und figunt und in B war durch einen glücklichen Lessfehler zufallig das richtige getroffen." At both places, therefore, fingunt and auctorum of T C c represent a purer tradition than figunt and auctor. At 14, 13 he reasoned back (pp. 82, 267) to a form tuear, which would naturally represent tueare (cf. labor=labore and ara = arare above.)

At all six of the points under discussion Müllenhoff's later conclusions are represented by Schwyzer's readings. Of the TBb readings he favored et 37, 8; mansere, 42, 7; and ipse, 44, 1 (cf. D. A., pp. 447, 480, 499).

⁴³ Of course the reading in the archetype may have been a reus or arcus. The tendency of Cc to accept all letters and words written above the line as corrections, however, makes the form assumed in the text more probable. The genesis of the form in T would be essentially the same in any one of the supposed cases.

word. Perhaps the archetype had $\overline{\&}$, and in writing it C omitted the stroke above the symbol, while T and c, independently of one another, overlooked the symbol itself. At 33, 10 and 43, 15 T is in agreement with Bb, and at 37, 19 that is essentially true, although all five MSS, are wrong at these three points. At 35, 6 T has the same reading as B b, but offers as a variant the reading found in C c. This may very well indicate, as I have attempted to show elsewhere, that the archetype of all five MSS. had at this point double readings, of which B b chose one, and C c the other. T offers the same reading in the text as all four of the other MSS. at 39, 4 and 39, 14, but, with B, as elsewhere, it has retained the variants of the archetype (cf. p. 36). This fact does not, of course, show that T is more closely related to B or to B b than it is to Cc, but only that, like B, it reproduces the archetype in this respect more faithfully than the C class does. Of the readings cited in the supplementary table those at 2, 25; 3, 9; 30, 6; 35, 6; 39, 4, and 39, 14 may properly be left out of account for the reasons just given. The common errors of TBb at 33, 10; 37, 19, and 43, 15 are significant of the fact that T is more closely related to the B class than to the C class, but all five of the MSS. are wrong at these three points, and, since at present we are considering only those points of difference between the B and C classes where the one or the other has the true reading, these three passages must be left out of consideration in this connection. This disposes of all the readings cited in the supplementary table, and our revised statistics for the passages in which Bb and Cc differ are as follows:

T agrees with B b and gives the correct reading in 48 cases ⁴⁸ T agrees with C c and gives the correct reading in 39 cases T agrees with B b and gives an incorrect reading in 10 cases T agrees with C c and gives an incorrect reading in 3 cases

The meaning which these statistics have for the relation of T to B b and C c is perfectly clear. That T is not a simple copy of any member of the Bb family, extant or now lost, is evident from the fact that in forty-two of the one hundred cases where B b and C c differ it goes with C c. It cannot be copied from any member of the C c family because in fifty-eight of the one hundred cases of disagreement between B b and C c it shows a different reading from C c. It cannot be a copy of a B b MS. with corrections from a C c MS. for this reason: In one hundred cases B b and C c differ. In forty-nine of these B b is in error, and yet in thirty-nine of these instances the reading in T is correct, agreeing with C c. It is inconceivable that a copyist, or a scholar of the fifteenth century, should have been able to choose correctly between two different readings in 80 per cent. of the cases before him. The case is still stronger against the hypothesis that T is a copy of a C c MS. corrected from B b. That theory would involve the supposition that the copyist made the right choice in 94 per cent. of the cases involved, because it would make it necessary for us to believe

⁴⁴ The errors at two, perhaps at three, of these points go back probably to Hersfeldensis, cf. Müllenhoff, D.A., pp. 62, 425, 448, and Tagmann, p. 35.

that he had selected the correct reading in forty-eight out of fifty-one instances. Either of these suppositions is of course inconceivable. For similar reasons it is impossible to suppose that T is a copy of a MS. compounded of B b and C c.

The evidence which is available to disprove the theory that T is a copy of any one of the four extant MSS. of the B class or the C class, viz., B, b, C, or c, is still When compared with B, for instance, T shows the correct reading, not only at the thirty-nine points where both B and b are in error, but also in other passages (e.g. 9, 4; 21, 14; 33, 3; 39, 6, and 45, 22) where T and b are correct, while B gives a poor reading. Over against b, T gives a true reading, not only at the thirty-nine points just mentioned, but also in a large number of cases where B is correct, and b in error (e.g. 7, 11; 7, 16; 15, 6, and 28, 8). Similar facts could easily be given to show that T is independent of C or c. From the negative point of view the evidence is still stronger in support of the view that T cannot be a copy of any one of the four MSS, mentioned. Taking these MSS, one by one, and leaving mere variations in spelling out of account, T shows only two of the errors peculiar to B (viz., at 38, 4 and 39, 4), two peculiar to b (viz., at 6, 12 and 43, 31),46 one peculiar to C (viz., at 5, 12) and two peculiar to c (viz., at 41, 2 and 2, 25). The last one has already been discussed (cf. p. 29). At 6, 12 varietate was probably a variant reading in Hersfeldensis (cf. Müll, D. A., p. 65), which T b have received into the text, rejecting the other reading variare. At 43, 31 it is very probable that Lemonii, and not Lemovii, is the correct reading (cf. ibid., p. 494). The errors peculiar to B which T shows, viz., q for q q (38, 4) and eiusdemq for eiusdem (34, 9), like aut for haud (5, 12) which is found only in T and C, " are of frequent occurrence in all MSS., and do not in any way weaken the argument.

Another set of facts may be mentioned in this connection which not only seem to show that T is independent of B b C and c, but even suggest that in some cases it is closer to the Hersfeld MS. than is any one of the others. In fact, in some of the instances to be cited, T seems to show us how to account for the different readings in B b and C c, and helps to explain the errors in individual MSS. of these two classes. The cases in point are 19, 9, inuenit T, inuenerit B b, inuenit C c; 28, 1, auctoq T, auctorū C c, autor B b; 30, 12 rõe T C, romane B b, ratione c; 34, 1, Dulgicubuni (dulgibnii marg.) T, dulgitubini b, Dulgibini (dulgitubini above) B, dulgibini C c (cf. Müll., D. A., p. 80); 39, 4, oms (nomīs, numīs marg.) T, omnes b, omnes (noīs, numīnis above) B, omnis C c. The Hersfeld MS. probably had invenīt, auctoq, rõe, and oms, which T has faithfully preserved. In a similar way the copyist of T at 30, 9 gives in the text occionēs, but writes the word in full on the margin.

The fact may have been noted that the corrector of b (β) has introduced at certain points the readings of Cc, and it may be suspected that T is a copy of b made after these corrections were inserted, but a comparison of the readings of β with those

⁴⁶ Mention should be made of 24, 6 and 45, 22, where T and b of all the MSS, seem to have preserved true readings. It is hardly probable that they are conjectures.

 $^{47\,2,\,12}$ is not cited here because the readings of T and C seem to show merely a difference in spelling.

of T shows that this view is untenable. In the last ten chapters of the *Germania*, for instance, the following readings disprove this theory: 39, 1, Semones, (Semnones marg.) T, Senones β ; 39, 4, sacrum T, sacram β ; 43, 12, Legiorum T, ligiorum β ; 44, 1, occeanum T, oceano β ; 45, 36, Sitonum T, sithonum b; 46, 6, mixtos T, mistis β ; 46, 26, sunt T, om. b β . T must, therefore, be regarded as entirely independent of B, b, C, and c. 49

The figures given on p. 30 show, however, that it is more closely related to B b than to Cc. It agrees with B b in fifty-eight of the cases under consideration, with Cc in forty-two only. It shows the same error as B b in ten instances, while it follows Cc into error in three cases only, and all three may be considered independent errors of the copyist of T and Cc.

As for the relation that **T** bears to the two MSS, which make up the B class, it may be noted that it has two errors in common with b, but they probably come from variant readings in Enoch's MS. (cf. p. 31), while the errors peculiar to **T**B at 38, 4 and 39, 4 (cf. p. 31) scarcely warrant us in assuming any closer relation between these two MSS, than exists between **T** and b. At many points, however, (e. g., 2, 9; 7, 16; 8, 10; 12, 7) **T** and B preserve the true reading, or are nearer the archetype than b is. This state of things would seem to indicate that **T**, or its archetype, bears the same relation to B that it does to the MS, of which b is a copy, i. e., Pontanus.⁵⁰

An interesting point of similarity, however, between T and B is brought out by comparing the variant readings in the two MSS. They are given in the following table:

48 The orthography of a fifteenth-century MS. cannot be safely used in determining its relation to other MSS. of the same period, but for the sake of completeness it may be interesting to know the forms in T at the points where the spelling in Bb and Cc differ. There are thirty-nine such cases. They are the following: 1, 9, danubius Bb, Dannubiust T, danuuius c, Danuuius C; 1, 10, pluris* TBb, plures Cc; 2, 14, tris* TBb, tres Cc; 2, 17, pluris* TBb, plures Cc; 5, 2, fedat TBb, foeda Cc; 5, 5, fecunda* TBb, foecunda Cc; 5, 15, commerciorum Bb, commertiorum Cc, comertiorum; T; 5, 21, sequuntur* TBb, secuntur Cc; 9, 10, consecrant* TBb, consacrant Cc; 11, 13, coercendi* TBb, cohercendi Cc; 14, 8, ccio† TBb, otio Cc; 15, 2, ocium† TBb, otium Cc; 16, 5, aedificiis* TBb, hedifitiis C, aedifitiis c; 16, 12, supterraneos Bb, sb^{oto}aneos C, subterraneos; Tc; 16, 13, onerant* TBb, honerant Cc; 17, 7, commercia Bb, commertia Cc, comertia T; 18, 8, delicias* TBb, delitias Cc; 20, 5, deliciis Bb, delitiis; TCc; 20, 20, precia B b, praetia C c, pretia* T; 22, 5, negocia B b, negotia* T C c; 25, 5, officia B b, offitia‡ T C c; 25, 7, coercere* TBb, cohercere Cc; 26, 8, seperent Bb, separent* TCc; 28, 19, seperentur Bb, separentur* TCc; 31, 7, precia Bb, praetia Cc, pretia* T; 33, 1, Tencteros* TBb, thencteros C, thencteros c; 34, 8, tetauimus Bb, tentauimus TCc; 34, 13, sanctiusque* TBb, santiusque Cc; 37, 21, trisque* TBb, tresque Cc; 37, 25, ocium Bb, otium* TCc; 38, 3, optinent Bb, obtinet; TC, obtinent c; 38, 11, caniciem Bb, canitiem* TCc; 41, 10, inclytum Bb, inclitum* TCc; 43, 1, marcomanorum* TBb, Marchomanorum Cc; 45, 8, litore* TBb, littore Cc; 45, 13, hestis* TBb, hostes Cc; 45, 23 preciumque Bb, pretiumque* TCc; 45, 27, fecundiora* TBb, foecundiora c, foecondiora C; 46, 7, fedantur Bb, foedantur* TCc. Taking the orthography of Müllenhoff's edition as a standard, in eighteen cases T is correct with Bb, in ten with Cc: in four instances it is in error with Bb, and in six with Cc. Tentavimus in 34, 8 is left out of account. In so far as tendencies in spelling are concerned, T shows a preference for plural forms in is (e.g., tris, pluris), and the omission of the aspirate (e. g. coercere, Tencteros). Both of these points are characteristic of Bb. In the forms of separo (separent, etc.), and in the choice of b rather than p in such words as obtinet and subterraneos it goes with Cc. It inclines to Cc also in showing a slight preference for t over c in such words as otium and pretium, and in the use of single consonants, but its practice in this respect is not uniform.

⁴⁹ Müllenhoff has stated his belief (D. A., pp. 80 f.) in the independence of the class of MSS. to which it will be later shown that T belongs, but his discussion is very brief, and does not seem to me convincing. For these reasons the subject has been considered somewhat fully in this chapter, and along different lines from those followed by him.

50 This relation is indicated in the stemma on p. 41.

Tr A TR	T. TC	OF	VADI	ANTS	51
LAD.	LE	UE	VARI	ANIS	

1	Ed. Muell.	${f T}$	В	ь
1, 10	Abnobae	Arnobe	Arnobę	
		Arbone, Arnone	Arbonae	
2, 12 Tuistonem		${f T}$ uisconem	Tristonē	
			Tuisman	
4, 5	quamquam	quamquam	quamquam	
			tanquam	
6	Caerulei	cerulei	ceruli	
			cerulei	
10	assuerunt 52	assueuerunt	assuerunt	
× 10	. 1	. 1	assuerint	
5, 12	perinde	perinde	perinde	
0 14	• 4		proinde coniuncto	
6, 14	coniuncto	coniuncto	cuncto	cuncto b
			cuncto	coniuncto β
19	delectos	delectos	delectos	confuncto p
10	defectos	delectos	dilectos	
8, 11	Albrunam	Auriniam	Auriniam	Auriniam
0, 11	21101 anam	Albrunam or Al-	Albriniam	Albriniam
		briniam		
11, 13	tum	tamen	tamen	
,		tantum		
12, 5	crate	crate	crate	
			grate	
16, 4	locant	locant	longant	longant (?) b
		longant	locant	locant β
20, 19	gratiosior	gratiosior	gratiosior	
		gratior	gratior	
22, 15	ioci	ioci	īoci	ioci
			loci	loci
26, 6	praebent	praestant	prestant	
_	1.1	praebent	prebent	1.1
7	labore	laborare	labore	laborare
		labore	laborare	labo r

 $^{51}\,\mathrm{All}$ the passages are given in which T, B, or b has any variant reading. At these points C has no variants,

cõuicto
and c one only, viz., 6, 14, cuncto. Opposite the reading of
Müllenhoff's edition, in the proper column, is given the
reading in the body of the text, and immediately below it

the variant. Thus at 2, 12 B has Tristonë in the body of the text and Tuisman as a variant. The reading of T is given in all cases, even when T has no variant.

 $^{52}\,\mathrm{At}$ 4, 10 Schwyzer reads adsuever unt; Müllenhoff also in D. A.

-					
28,	9	Boihaemi	Boihemi	Boihemi	
				Boijemionē	
29,	8	collationibus	collationibus collocationibus	collocationibus	
31,	1	raro	raro	rara	
			rara	raro	
	7	nascendi	nascendi	noscendi	
			noscendi	nascendi	
34,	1	Dulgubnii	Dulgicubuni	Dulgibini	
			Dulgibnii	Dulgitubini	
	8	illa	illa	illa	
			illis		
	11	consensimus	consensimus	consensimus	
			consueuimus		
35,	6	sinuetur	sinuetur	sinuetur	
			sinatur		
36,	2	ac	et	ac	
			ac		
	9	adversarum	aduersarum	aduersarum	aduersarum
			adusariis	aduersariis	aduersariis
37,	4	ambitu	ambitum	ambitum	
			ambitu	ambitu	
:	19	Gnae o que	Marcoque	Marcoquoque	
				Marcoque	
2	28	inde	inde	inde	
			nam	nam	
38,	6	sic	sicut	sic	
			sic		
	12	ipso solo	ipso solo (see col-	solo	
			lation)	ipso	
	16	ornantur 53	armantur	armantur	ornantur
			ornantur	ornantur	armantur
39,	1	Semnones	Semones	Semones	$\operatorname{Senones}^{\operatorname{m}}$
			Semnones	$\overline{\mathrm{Se}}$ nones	
	3	stato	statuto	stato	
			stato		
	4	omnes	oms'	omnes	
	4.0	~	nominis, numinis	nōis, numinis	~ m
	13	Semnonum	Semonum	Semonum	Senonum
			Semnonum	Sennonum	
	E 2 A	A DO 40 CI-L	1 1 1 1 CP 1.	- I. D. 4	

 $^{^{53}}$ At 38, 16 Schwyzer reads armantur Müllenhoff also in $D.\ A.$

39, 14 corpore	corpore	corpore	corpore
-	tempore	tempore	torpore
40, 5 Suardones	Suarines	Suarines	Suarines b
	Suardones		Suardones β
41, 2 propior	propior	propior	
		proprior	
43, 12 Lygiorum	Legiorum	Legiorum	
		Lygiorum	
14 Helvaeonas	Heluetonas	Heluetonas	
	Halosionas	Helueconas	
14 Helisios	Helisios	Helysios	
		Halisienas	
15 Nahanarvalos	Nahanarulos	Nahanarualos	
10 Ivalianal valos	Naharualos	Naharualos	
15 religionis	religionis	religionis	
10 Teligionis	regionis	rengionis	
31 protinus	protinus	protenus	
or prounus	protinus	protinus	
45 5 oguerum	deorum	deorum	
45, 5 equorum		аеогиш	
8 Suebici	eorum Seuici	Saeuici	
o Buebici	Sueuici	Sueuici Sueuici	
10 anaona			
19 quaeve	que ue	que ue	
16 1 Suchica	que ue	C	
46, 1 Suebiae	Sueuię	Sueuię	
1 Peucinorum	D	Sueuę	
1 reucinorum	Peucinorum	Peucinorum	
27 Oxionas 54	Peucurorum	Peucurorum	
21 Oxionas	Oxionas	Oxionas	
	Etionas	Etionas	

This table brings out the fact that in one noteworthy respect T resembles B more than it does any other MS. of the *Germania*. As has been noted, there are no variant readings in C at the points under discussion, and c has one only. Eight are found in b, while B and T have thirty-nine and thirty-four respectively. An analysis of these cases shows that at ten points the reading in the body of the text and the variant are identical in B and T, that at six more (viz., 1, 10; 8, 11; 39, 1; 39, 13; 43, 15, and 45, 8) they are very similar, and that in four more instances, not counting 34, 1, the reading in B is the variant in T and *vice versa*. At twenty points, therefore, B and

⁵⁴ In D.A. Müllenhoff expresses a preference for Etionas.

T show the same double readings, and at certain points (e. g., 31, 7 and 37, 4) double readings seem to be reported from no other MSS. than T and B.

In this connection we are principally concerned with the double readings common to T and B, but it will be convenient to discuss here a few of those found in T, which do not appear in B. At 11, 13 perhaps the archetype had $t\bar{n}$, which would naturally be expanded into either tamen or tantum, or if misread $t\bar{u}$, into tum, from which the further error $c\bar{u}$ =cum is an easy one to make. On 34, 1 cf. Müll., D. A., p. 62. The readings illis and sicut at 34, 8 and 38, 6 are reported nowhere else. The second readings sinatur, 35, 6, and regionis, 43, 15, both of which stand in the text of Cc, were perhaps in the Hersfeld MS., and omitted by B, and possibly, as Müllenhoff thinks (D. A., p. 85), Suardones, 40, 5 was added by Enoch to his MS. after B, or the MS. from which B is derived had been copied.⁵⁵

We have just considered some of the instances from the list printed above, where B gives one reading only. It may be interesting to analyze briefly the other cases, *i.e.*, the cases where B gives a double reading. The facts from this point of view are presented in the following conspectus:

T has double readings; B and T, correct one in text	-		-		-		•	8
T has double readings; B and T, incorrect one in text		-		-		-		7
T has double readings; T correct in text, B incorrect	-		-		-		-	3
T has double readings; T incorrect in text, B correct		-		-		-		1
T has double readings; all four readings incorrect	-		-		-		-	2
T has one reading, correct; B, correct one in text -		-		-		-		11
T has one reading, correct; B, incorrect one in text	-		-		-		-	3
T has one reading, incorrect; B, correct one in text -		-		-		-		0
T has one reading, incorrect; B, incorrect one in text	-		-		-		-	1
Total 56		-		-		-		36

The faithfulness with which B has recorded variant readings is one of the strongest proofs which we have of the conscientiousness with which that MS. was copied. Its accuracy in this respect leads us to trust it in other particulars. In a similar way the preservation of a large number of variants in T, some of which are impossible readings, like tempore at 39, 14, speaks for the fidelity of the copyist of T. He does not deserve the same measure of confidence as the copyist of B, however, for two reasons. In the first place, at four points where he has preserved variants, he has interchanged the variant and the reading in the text. At least this is the case if we accept the authority of B at these points. In the second place, in sixteen places he has omitted variants which B has preserved. This omission is only partially offset by his possible retention of three variants which the copyist of B overlooked, or did not find in the archetype when he made his copy.

55 That Suardones stood as a second reading in the archetype was surmised by Waitz as early as 1874; cf. Deutsche Verfassungsgeschichte, Vol. I, D. 516, n. 1. The double readings in T at 1, 10; 29, 8; 34, 11; 36, 2; 39, 3; 39, 1; 39, 13; 43, 14; and 45, 19 are not discussed here. A reason-

able explanation can be offered for many of them, but in the present state of our knowledge of the MSS. it would be hazardous to express a positive opinion about them.

⁵⁶ The peculiar cases at 34, 1; 37, 19, and 38, 12 have been left out of account.

The resemblance which exists between T and B in the matter of variant readings does not indicate that T is more closely related to B than to b, but only shows that the common variants were in the archetype of T and B, and that both MSS. have preserved them with similar fidelity.

III

T AND THE E MANUSCRIPTS

In the last chapter we reached the negative conclusion that T is independent of B b C c, i. e., of the B and C classes of manuscripts. In this one we shall try to show that it is a member of the E class, a conclusion to which reference has already been made by way of anticipation (p. 22). Tagmann first recognized the connection between Massmann's K (or L), Vat. 2964 (Massmann's Rd), the Nuremberg editions, and the Roman edition of 1474,57 and Müllenhoff established more definitely (D. A., pp. 78 ff.) their relation to the other MSS. of the Germania. Müllenhoff secured a new collation of Rd, and himself examined R. For L and N he took the readings of His conclusion after comparing the four texts is as follows: "Es unterliegt keinem bedenken nicht nur die Nürnberger drucke (e²) mit dem in anfang und am ende unvollständigen Longolianus unter ein zeichen, sondern damit auch den römischen druck (e³) und den Vaticanus selbst (η) als éine hs. E zusammenzufassen, da wesentliche differenzen unter den drei oder vier zeugen allein eintreten, wo die gemeinsame quelle doppellesarten hatte, bei denen die abschreiber oder herausgeber sich bald so bald so entschieden, die ohnehin geringen und nicht zahlreichen besonderheiten jeder hs. oder jedes druckes aber bei jenem verfahren ohne schaden verschwinden." (D. A., p. 79.) A comparison of T with any one of the E MSS. will decide, therefore, whether it belongs to that class or not. The comparison can be made most satisfactorily with the Nuremberg editions (e2), because, since Müllenhoff wrote the sentence quoted above, a complete and accurate collation of them has been made by Roediger (cf. D. A., pp. 691 ff.). The first thirteen chapters will be enough for our purpose.

I, 1 rhaetiisq T, rhaetys que e² I, II, rhaetis quae III 2 Danubio T e² 6 rhetica μ T e² 9 Danubius T, Danubius e² 10 Arnobe (af arbone af none marg.) T, arnobae e².

II, 12 Tuisconē T $e^2 I$, II, Tuistonem $e^2 III$ 14 conditorisq T e^2 16 hermiones T e^2 17 pluēsq T, plures q e^2 25 etiam om. T e^2 .

III, 4 Barditum (Baritū marg.) T, barditum e^2I , II (d stricken out III) 7 voces Te^2 uidentur Te^2 10 Ulixem Te^2 14 ACKITIVPFION T, Acriniprion ($a\sigma\kappa\iota\omega\nu\rho\rho\iota\rho\rho$ III) e^2 16 monimentaq Te^2 .

IV, 2 conubiis T, connubys e² 10 assueverunt T, assueverint e².

V, 15 comertio T e 2 20 quoque om. T e 2 21 affectatione T, affectacione e 2.

VI, 5 cominus Te^2 10 distingunt Te^2 12 uarietate Te^2 (r over te III) 17 preliantur Te^2 .

57 TAGMANN, De Taciti Germaniae Apparatu Critico, pp. 69 f. 58 There are three early Nuremberg editions, but after the first few pages they give exactly the same text.

VII, 6 neque $\mathbf{T} e^2$ 11 fortuna *corr. to* fortuita \mathbf{T} , fortuita $e^2 II$, III, fortuna $e^2 I$ 16 aut $\mathbf{T} e^2$.

VIII, 9 negligunt T e² 11 Auriniam (Albrunam or Albriniam [?] marg.) T, auriniam e² 13 tanquam T e².

IX, 3 Herculem & Martem Te² 8 assimilare Te².

X, 5 fortuitu Te² 22 explorant Te².

XI, 4 inciderit $T e^2 = 10$ ne iniussi T, nec iniussi $e^2 = 11$ cetuum T, coetium $e^2 = 13$ tamen (tantum marg.) T, $t\overline{n} e^2$.

XII, 7 ascondi T e² 8 pena₄ T, poenarum e² 14 adsunt T e².

XIII, 1 private Te^2 4 tum] tum T, cum e^2 pater] ipsi Te^2 11 etiam] \overline{et} & Te^2 16 semper & Te^2 18 cuique om. Te^2 .

In the following list some of the readings characteristic of T are given; $i.\ e.$, readings not found in MSS. of the B or C classes:

X, 5 fortuitu T $e^2 e^3 \eta$ XI, 10 ne iniussi T, nec iniussi $e^2 e^3 \eta$ XI, 11 cetuum T, coetium $e^2 e^3 \eta$ XIII, 6 semper et T $e^2 e^3 \eta$ XIV, 9 adolescentum T $e^2 e^3 \eta$ XVI, 16 populatio T $e^2 e^3 \eta$ XVIII, 19 uiuentes T $e^2 e^3 \eta$ 19 parientes T $e^2 e^3 \eta$ XX, 7 in ex aucta T, in exauta e^2 (s over ut e^2 II) η XXV, 6 verberant T $e^2 e^3$ XXVIII, 25 collati T $e^2 e^3 \eta$ XXXV, 13 iniuriam T e^2 XXXVII, 10 consulatum] conventum T e^2 XXXIX, 6 horrentia T e^2 XLII, 8 Trudi T $e^2 \eta$ XLV, 19 que ve (võ marg.) T, quae vero e^2 XLVI, 16 sola T $e^2 \eta$. That T is a member of the E class, so called, to which these four MSS. and early editions belong, is apparent without comment.

It would be hazardous in the present state of our knowledge of the attempt to find the exact relation which the several members of the E class bear to one another, but some general conclusions on this point may be stated with a great deal of confidence. We have already noted (p. 36) that the preservation in T of variant readings whose presence in Hersfeldensis is attested by B furnishes proof both of the fidelity of the copyist of T and of the excellence of the MS. which he followed. The same inference has been drawn (p. 31) from the appearance in T of certain abbreviated forms, probably taken from the archetype, out of which errors have developed even in our best MSS. These a priori considerations are supported, so far as the comparative excellence of T and the other members of the E class is concerned, by the presence in T of certain words which have been overlooked by the copyists of the other E MSS.; e. g., 10, 19, sed T, om. $e^2e^3\eta$ and 16, 15 et T, om. e^2 , and by the preservation of the true reading in T where e^2 and the others have gone astray. Cases in point are 2, 21, primi T, pr. $en\bar{e}^2$, primi $en\bar{e}^3$, primim $en\bar{e}^3$, primim

 59 An accurate collation of e 2 has been given by Rödiger, as already noted. The readings of T are given in chap. ii of this paper. Müllenhoff examined R^1 and η , but did not publish his collations. Some of the readings of R^1 and η are given by Massmann, but a comparison of Massmann's critical apparatus for B and b with the MSS. themselves has led me to distrust the readings which he reports for other MSS. Wünsch in Hermes, Vol. XXXII (1897), p. 43,

reports Müllenhoff as announcing after an examination of K (or L) that it was a direct copy of the Nuremberg edition, and this statement agrees with the passage quoted above (p. 37) from the Deutsche Altertumskunde in regard to e². Complete collations of \mathbb{R}^1 and η are needed, therefore, before the exact relations of the members of the E class to one another can be determined with certainty.

adscisis e^3 . Still more significant perhaps are the passages where the writing was not perfectly legible. In some of these places the original copyist of T has first made a mistake, and at once corrected it, whereas in the other E MSS. an error is left uncorrected, e. g., 19, 7, finere corr. to finire T', finuere e^2 , funere η ; 30, 14, impedite corr. to in pedite T¹, impedite η . In two other cases T is in error, but is nearer the archetype than the other MSS. These are 20, 7, inexhausta] in exaucta T, inexauta η , in ex auta (s over ut in II) e^2 , and 37, 8, Papirio] Sapirio T, Sapino e^2 , Sapiro η .

In the matter of double readings T bears to the other E MSS. a relation very similar to that which B bears to b, C, and c. It may be remembered, for instance, that we find at 5, 12 perinde B, perinde b, proinde C c; at 26, 6, prestant B, $\bar{p}b\bar{e}t$ b, praebent c, $\bar{p}st\bar{a}t$ C. In a similar way T has double readings at a great many points where each of the other E MSS. has selected one and omitted the other. Examples of this state of things are 20, 19, gratiosior (gratior marg.) T, gratiosior e², gratior η ; 31, 1, raro (rara marg.) T, rara e², raro η ; 31, 7, nascendi (noscendi marg.) T, noscendi e², nascendi η ; 34, 1, Dulgicubuni (Dulgibnii marg.) T, Dulgibini e², Dulgicubuni η ; 37, 28, inde (nam marg.) T, inde e², nam η ; and 39, 14, corpore (tempore marg.) T, corpore e², tempore η . It follows from all these facts that T is not a copy of any one of the E MSS., and also that it is one of the best representatives of them.

It could hardly be expected that many true readings would occur in T which are not to be found in either Bb or Cc. The following cases may, however, be mentioned: 19, 5, abscisis] abscisis T, adcisis B, accisis b c, accissis C; 20, 6, separet] separet T, seperet B c2, sep & C, separet c; 30, 1, Hercynio B, Hercynio B, hercinio Cc, hircynio b; 37, 19, Mallio Mallio T, Mālio B, Manlio bC, Manilio c; 39, 1, Semnones | Semones (Semnones marg.) T, Semones († Senones above) B, senones b, semones Cc, Semnones above c2; 40, 1, Langobardos] Langobardos T, Largobardos B, logobardos b, longobardos Cc, logobardos (Longobardi marg.) \(\beta \); 40, 5, Suardones] Suarines (Suardones marg.) T, Suarines B b C c (dones above ines β); 43, 14, Helisios Helisios T, Helysios Cc, Helysios († halisienas above) B, elisios b, and apparently Albrunam⁶¹ at 8, 11, which is found in T only. One should mention in this connection 45, 22 also, where T b alone seem to have preserved the true reading, profertur. The real value of the E class lies in the fact, as Müllenhoff has shown, that it casts the deciding vote when B b and C c are at variance, and thus furnishes a safe basis for the reconstruction of the text at a rather large number of points. eighty-seven of the one hundred cases where Bb and Cc offer different readings (cf. p. 30) the agreement of E with the one or the other class may be accepted with safety

⁶⁰ Incidentally it is interesting to notice that the editor of e 2 consistently follows one practice in making a selection between the two readings, while the copyist of η adopts another method. In e 2 the reading which is found in the body of the text in B is selected and the variant is

omitted, while the copyist of η chooses the variant, perhaps in the belief that it is a correction or a preferable reading.

⁶¹ It is possible that the reading in T is Albriniam, but it seemed to me clearly intended for Albrunam.

as the determining factor, and in a fair number of these instances a safe decision could not be made without the help of E. Such cases, for instance, are 2, 24; 4, 10; 10, 22; 42, 7; 45, 4; 45, 28.

IV

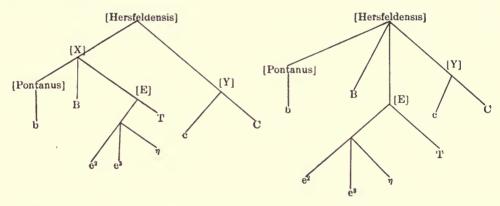
SUMMARY

The main points developed in the foregoing discussion may be set down briefly here. Codex 49, 2 in the chapter library of the cathedral at Toledo contains the Germania and Agricola of Tacitus, an oration by Io. Antonius Campanus, a fragment of an oration, some of Pliny's Letters, and another oratorical fragment. The scribe was M. Angelus Crullus Tuders, who, at the end of the Germania, and again at the end of the oration of Antonius, speaks of himself as publicus scriba Fulginii. The subscription to the Germania bears the date of June 1, 1474; that to the oration of Antonius, December 5 of the same year; while the Agricola, which stands between these two works, was in all probability written in the half-year intervening between these two dates.

The MS. of the Germania has variants, thirty-nine in number, written on the margin in the hand and ink of the original copyist. There are three different classes of corrections, which are usually inserted above the line. Those of the first class, T¹, are made by the original copyist, and correct errors committed by him in following the copy before him. The corrections of T^a are taken from another MS., perhaps from Vindobonensis I, and are to be rejected, except in certain specified cases, where it is clear that the correction serves to restore the reading of the archetype of T. The scribe whom we have called T² also inserted the titles and paragraph marks, and his corrections, which are unimportant, come apparently from the archetype of T.

The MS. T shows the errors common to the four authoritative MSS., B (Vat. 1862), b (Leidensis), C (Vat. 1518), and c (Neapolitanus), and therefore evidently goes back, as these MSS. do, to the codex which Enoch of Ascoli brought into Italy from Germany in the fifteenth century. It is, however, independent of any one of the four MSS. mentioned above. This conclusion rests upon a number of facts. a simple copy of any one of these MSS., because it is correct at many points where each of the others shows a false reading, or has omitted a word. The theory that it may have been a copy of one of the B or C MSS., extant or now lost, is likewise untenable. At one hundred points or more the readings in Bb and Cc differ, Bb showing the true reading at one point, Cc at another. At these points T agrees first with one group, then with the other, giving a correct text in eighty-seven of the instances mentioned. An analysis of these cases shows that, if we regard T as a copy of a Bb MS., with corrections from a Cc MS., we must assume that the copyist rejected the incorrect readings of B b and selected the true ones in 80 per cent. of the cases involved. If we regard T as a copy of a C c MS., with corrections from B b, the percentage rises to 94. Neither supposition seems credible. Furthermore, in certain cases T alone of the five MSS. under discussion preserves the reading of the archetype. Finally, at a number of points, T seems to be nearer the archetype than the others, and to give us the forms out of which errors or divergent readings in the others have developed. The independence of T becomes still more apparent if it be compared with an individual (extant) MS. of the B or C classes, because to the cases where it is correct with B b, while C c is wrong, must be added those where B or b or C or c is in error, while T gives the true reading.

It is more closely related to the B class than to the C class. At points where the one is correct and the other incorrect, T, if in error, is in error in almost every case with the B MSS. Equally significant are the three cases where the two groups differ, and both are wrong. In all these cases T follows B b. The retention of variant readings in T shows the fidelity of the copyist, and establishes a resemblance between that MS. and B, but does not prove that T is more closely related to B than it is to any one of the others.



T belongs to the E class, the independent members of which are Vat. 2964 (Massmann's Rd), the Nuremberg editions, and the Roman edition of 1474. This fact is apparent from the common errors of these four manuscripts and editions. It is independent of the other members of its class. The variants show this to be the case; as well as the true readings in T at points where all the others are in error. It is perhaps most conclusively shown at the points where the writing in the archetype of the E MSS, was not perfectly legible. At several of these points the copyist of T first made a mistake and then corrected it, whereas in the other E manuscripts and editions the error is left uncorrected. The copyist of T has also retained the double readings, which, in most cases, do not appear in the others. In this respect it bears the same relation to the other members of the E class that B does to b Cc. T is therefore independent of the other members of the E group, and is apparently the best representative of that class.

The value of T lies partly in the true readings which it has preserved at points where B b C and c are all in error — although no one of these is new — but mainly in

the fact that the testimony of the E class settles the reading at the points where B b and C c are at variance, and thus places textual criticism at these points on a more secure basis. The exact relation of the E MSS. to one another cannot yet be determined, since a full collation of one of them is still lacking. Furthermore, it is not certain whether B is a direct copy of Enoch's MS. or not. Making a reservation covering this point, and merely for the sake of illustrating one of the forms which the relation of the E MSS. to one another may take, we may draw alternative stemmata (see the preceding page), the difference between the two being that in one it is assumed that a MS. intervened between B and Enoch's MS. (Hersfeldensis?), while in the other B is regarded as the direct descendant of Enoch's MS., in which case E, the archetype of the E MSS., becomes also a direct descendant of Enoch's MS.

APPENDIX I

CORRECTIONS TO MÜLLENHOFF'S CRITICAL APPARATUS TO THE GERMANIA

The following corrections in Müllenhoff's critical apparatus, or additions to it, should be made:

I, 6 Renus C; II, 2 ad etibus C, 11 celebrat C; V, 1 specie] spé C; 9 negaverint] nauigauerīt B, 18 simplitius C, 21 secût C; VI, 14 urbe (?) corr. in orbe B; IX 8 speciem] spěm C, 8 erroris, corr. in oris C; X, 9 cphibueat (= prohibuerant sive prohibuerat] C; XI, 8 si cóstituit C, 14 priceps C; XII, 13 ex plebe] & ex plebe (& deleto) C; XIII, 1 nichil B, 12 ei eius C, 15 haec] hec B, 15 hae] he B; XIV, 2 cómittatui C, 15 incéti C; XV, 12 nó mó |a| singlis C; XVI, 9 speciem] spém C, 17 ignorâf (= ignorantur) C; XVII, 8 foeras corr. in feras C, 11 femine B; XVIII, 5 ambiont C, 15 admouetur C; XIX, 8 pudicie B; XXI, 10 imodo corr. in modo C; XXVI, 2 agro C, 11 species] spés BC; XXVIII, 7 renumque, 21 quidem] q, C, 25 conlocati B; XXX, 14 qué C, 15 honorât C; XXXI, 11 cede B; XXXIII, 2 Anguiuaros corr. in Anguiuarios C; XXXIV, 4 friscis corr. in frisis C; XXXV, 7 pplis C; XXXVI, 3 iocundius B, 4 ī potentis B, 4 falsi C; XXXVII, 1 sinum] sitū B, 10 consulatum] con B, 13 galie ue C, 16 cedem B, XXXVIII, 4 q, q, C; XL, 15 sumut B, 18 conuers ione C; XLII, 1 hemum duros C; XLIII, 10 dirimit C; XLIV, 3 apulsui corr. in appulsui a m. rec. C, 13 sceuiunt corr. in lasciuiunt C; XLV, 15 îhertia C, 24 oleté C; XLVI, 2 fonniorû 4-13 domiciliis sunt in plaustro om. C, 13 fónis (= fonniis) C, 28 ferarum C.

Navigauerit V, 9 in B is a surprising error, and its occurrence may abate a little our confidence in the accuracy of the copyist of that MS. The -is form in inpotentis 36, 4 is one of the characteristic forms in B, if that MS. be compared with Cc. It is interesting to notice that there is no variant over qué 30, 14 in C. It had seemed strange that the copyist of C, while neglecting variant readings everywhere else, even where difficult proper names occurred, should have inserted one here. For sinum 37, 1 M. reports sinum BCc, situm b. This made it look as if situm were an error peculiar to b, and rendered it somewhat difficult to account for the same error in E without supposing that one MS. was corrected from the other. It is clear, however, now that the error existed in the archetype of the B and E MSS. Pudicie 19, 8 may be added

⁶² Brackets inclosing a name or a letter indicate that a MS. is now lost. For a discussion of the relation which T bears to B and b respectively cf. p. 32.

to the list of places (cf. 9, 4; 21, 14 etc.) where B has made a mistake in writing a word of which b has preserved the correct form. The fact that the copyist of B first wrote urbe for orbe at 6, 14 reminds one of the error which was actually committed at 2, 5 by several E MSS. The most interesting of these new readings is con 37, 10 in B. All of the E MSS. have at this point conventum, which evidently came from an incorrect expansion of the abbreviated form which the copyist of B has brought over without change into his text.

APPENDIX II

NOTES ON A MANUSCRIPT CONTAINING PLINY'S LETTERS

The Codex, No. 49, 2 in the Chapter Library at Toledo, in which the Germania of Tacitus is found, also contains the Letters of Pliny. They run from folio 66r. to 221v., and, as already noted in my article on the Germania, on folio 221v. stands the subscription Caii Plinii oratoris atque Phylosaphi Dissertissimi epistolarum liber octavus et ultimus explicit foeliciter deo gras, and below Finis, Perusie in domo Crispolitorum (?) 1486, AMHN Τελωσ, M. Angelus Tuders. This subscription led Dr. Wünsch, who was allowed to make only a very few notes on the MS., to the very natural conclusion that only Books VIII and IX were given (cf. Classical Review, XIII [1899] p. 274). I found, however, on examining it, that the MS. contained Books I-VII and Book IX. The first leaf is gone, so that the text begins with an ut solebas, I, 3, 2. The manuscript does not end with an incomplete letter, as Dr. Wünsch thought, but IX, 40 is given in full. The twentyseventh letter of the fourth book is lacking, and the letters are frequently numbered, until we reach 100 at V, 6, when the numbers cease. After No. 8 the letters in Book V stand in the order 21, 15, 10-14, 16-20, 9. The MS. apparently belongs, therefore, to Keil's second group (cf. Praef. pp. v-vi), of which the oldest representative is the codex archivil Casinatis of the year Manuscripts of this class are freely corrected from the one-hundred-letter collection. This accounts for the fact that the letters are numbered up to V, 6.

I did not have time enough at my disposal to make a complete collation of the MS., but I subjoin readings for the first few letters at the beginning and the end of it. The numbers refer to the pages and lines of Keil's edition.

II, 20 aduocaris te om. foelix 21 tempus] temnis est enim om 22 curas] curas et 23 negocium ocium 24 vigilie in etiam 27 cepit 28 quod] d modo] modo i (i deleta)

Superscriptio Epta 1111 Pli. S Pompeie Celerine socrui S P

33 Otriculano (otriculanus *in marg.*) Carsolano (carsolanus *in marg.*) 34 vero *om.* balneum 36 Plauti dictum *in marg.* 38 mei] mei te

III, 1 diverteris 4 servos suos 6 per se ipsos

Superscriptio Pli. S. Voconio Rufo S P epla V 10 M.] Marco humilioremque 12 tectiora] tetora 13 aurileni corr. in aruleni 16 cicatrices tigniostum (stigmosum marg.) 17 Senectionem 18 quidem] \$\bigcap\$ Mettius Catus meis] eis 19 ego] ego aut 21 qum 25 reminiscebantur corr. in reminiscebatur me ipsum 24 v. 13 nitebatur corr. in nitebamur 25 cause Mettii 26 relegatus a Domitiano 27 sentias Iterum ego (Iterum ego verbis deletis) 29 affuisse 30-1 si de hoc sentias om. sed in marg. add. 34 quidem esse 38 ergo ex

IV, 1 mox a (a deleta) 2 reconcilient corr. in reconciliet venit corr. in pervenit 3 cum] qum (qui tum marg.) 5 ferre] perferre 6 a Spurinna] ait Burina 7 porticu] portam (porticu marg.) 10 parce] pce (paxa sive para marg.) cui ego dispicies] inqens: quoi dispicies (dispicies marg.) putas 11 decepi corr. in decipi Mauricum] maritum 12 ab exilio] · n · ab exilio 13 illam corr. in illum 14 comittem corr. in comitem 17 quod] a aliqn 18 Ruffo Ruffus 19 secula corr. in seculi 20 a potuisse] potius se existimare 23 seculi 24 iudicii]

studii 25 quor es om. 26 quid] d Metti 27 et om. 27 haesitabundus] haesitabundus inquit interogavi 28 ut om. 34 Maricus 35 esse om. δυσκαθαίρετον] se diligenter 36 curatur] evitatur (amatur marg.) 37 amore fortius concussa] concisa (concussa marg.)

V, 1 ut] ex ut Maritum 2 et] est 3 previdere corr. in providere temtante corr. in tem-

tandi 4 constabat quia] q² equū

Superscriptio Plinius · S · Cornelio Tacito S · P · epła VI 10 ridebis] videbis corr. in ridebis ego] ego Plinius 11 et quidem] eqੈ cepi 12 et quiete om. sed in marg. add. 13 erat] erant aut (aut deletum est et non in marg. additum est) 14 pugilares 16 agitatione] acogitatione 18 ipsamque corr. in ipsumque 21 non] non (dum in marg. add.) 22 vale om.

Superscriptio Pli · S · Octavo Rudo · S · P · epfa VII 26 idem] d deletum est et idem in marg. additum est 27 Iovi Optimo Maximo Homerus v. 29 om. 30 ac renutu] atque rem tu tuo voto 32 ex advocationem pr. m. 36 petis (a supra e scripta) id (illud supra id scripto)

Pagina CXCVI

 $Superscriptio \ C \cdot P \cdot S \cdot Paulino \ Suo \ S \cdot P \cdot 7 \ hec \ 8 \ aom. \ 10 \ nisi \ te] \ in \ me \ 11 \ locandorum] \ tuscanorum(?) \ 13 \ lustro] \ iusto \ 14 \ plerique \ 16 \ natum] \ na \ putant \ 16-17 \ occurrendum \ ergo] \ occurrendum \ quoque \ 17 \ et] \ a \ (= a \ et?) \ est] \ est \ q- \ (= est \ et?) \ 18 \ locū \ alioqui] \ alioqui \ 20 \ iustius] \ istius \ redditus \ 21 \ acris \ 23 \ tentanda \ 24 \ non] \ nom \ 25 \ quoque \ ut] \ q''_{9} \ i \ ut \ (una \ littera \ ante \ i \ erasa \ est) \ gaude \ gratulatione] \ celebratione$

Superscriptio $C \cdot P \cdot S \cdot Saturnio$ suo $S \cdot P \cdot 29$ ita ut 30 librorum corr. in librum 31

cui] qi (= quoi)

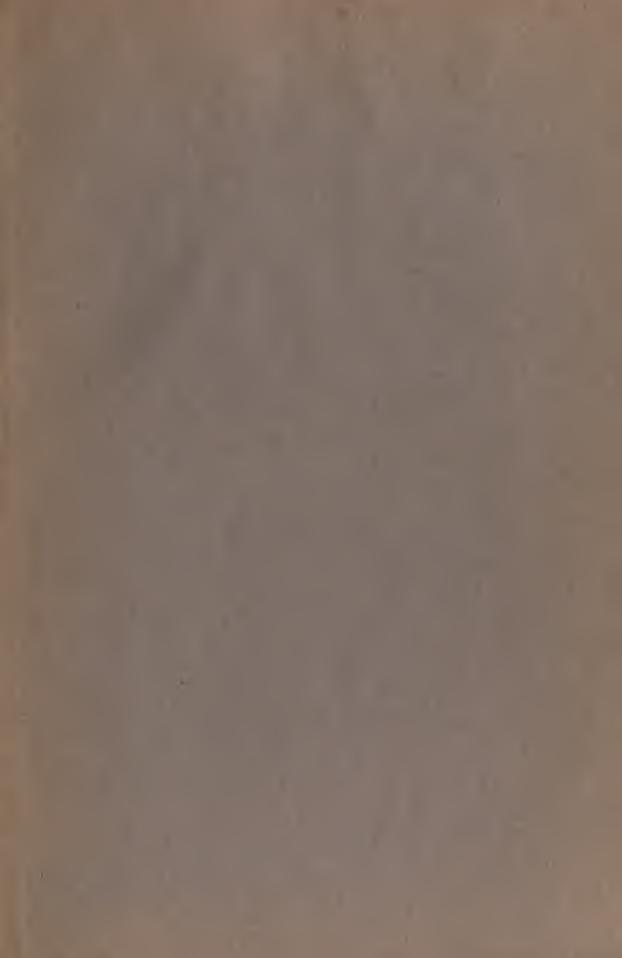
Superscriptio $G \cdot P \cdot S \cdot M$ ustio $S \cdot P \cdot 36$ haruspicam monitu om. reficiendam ceteris CXCVII, 1 et in maius om. cum sit] quom scit 2 aliquid stato] quū statio 3 magnus] magis populę corr. in populi 5 ergo om. 5-6 religioseque] religio seq. 6 aedem] eandē extrusero 7 aede corr. in aedi has om. 8 quattuor] cuior quoius 9 parentes corr. in parietes 10 vel faciendum] faciundum vel emendum om. 11-12 vetustate sui partibus 13 istinc esse] e incesse 14 rationem corr. in ratione loci om. possum 15 circumdare templo] Tito Livio templi] temporali abruptissimis] ablutissimis 16 ripibus corr. in ripis pratum] templum pratū (templum deleto) 17-18 ipsum melius om. 18 invenies

 $Superscriptio \ {\bf C} \cdot {\bf P} \cdot {\bf S} \cdot {\bf Fusco} \cdot {\bf S} \cdot {\bf P} \quad 25 \ {\bf permutem} \] \ {\bf permutet} \ {\bf corr.} \ in \ {\bf permutet} \quad 27 \ {\bf post} \]$ post cenā 28 iam non 31 nunc] nō ver et autumnum quae] vere tantum nunq. 32 hiemem]

hiemem statim mediam ita] Ia







RETURN TO the circulation desk of any University of California Library

or to the

NORTHERN REGIONAL LIBRARY FACILITY Bldg. 400, Richmond Field Station University of California Richmond, CA 94804-4698

ALL BOOKS MAY BE RECALLED AFTER 7 DAYS 2-month loans may be renewed by calling (510) 642-6753

1-year loans may be recharged by bringing books to NRLF

Renewals and recharges may be made 4 days prior to due date

DUE AS STAMPED BELOW

JAN 04 1996

20,000 (4/94)



